## Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>Details of Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 4.0      | April 2018    | Revision 4.0 is a post-production release of this document published in March 2018. The following is a summary of the changes:  
• Add commands: maxcrypto, maxcryptoaccounts, maxcryptokey  
• arconf Create-Add ENCODE parameter  
• arconf SetControllerParam-Add MIXEDVOLUMES, FWLOCK parameters  
• arconf Task-Add ENCODE, CRYPTOERASE, REKEY parameters  
• arconf SetConf-Add CLEARMAXCRYPTOCONFIG parameter  
• arconf GetConf-Display maxCrypto properties  
• Add section: Running ARCCONF from the UEFI Shell  
• Add commands supported in UEFI/ARCCONF only: passthrough, slotconfig |
| 3.0      | September 2017| Revision 3.0 is a post-production release of this document published in September 2017. The following is a summary of the changes:  
• arconf getconf-Added logical drive maxCache statistics to the list of information provided by this command.  
• arconf setarrayparam-Added SSDIOBYPASS to parameter.  
• arconf setcontrollerparam-Added SANITIZELOCK parameter.  
• arconf task-Added CHANNEL# ID# parameter and options for secureerase.  
• arconf uart-Removed this command. |
| 2.0      | February 2017 | Revision 2.0 is a post-production release of this document published in February 2017. The following is a summary of the changes:  
• Downloading the Installation Packages-Removed " .exe" from the Linux command.  
• arconf create-Added maxCache support and added RAID levels. Added note to avoid mixing SMR and PMR in an array.  
• arconf getconf-Added display of controller manufacturing information, green backup, associated split mirror array information, and I2C address, clock speed and clock stretching information.  
• arconf identify-Added display of logical drive and array.  
• arconf modify-Added note to avoid mixing SMR and PMR in an array.  
• arconf romupdate-Updated download URL for .bin file.  
• arconf setcontrollerparam- Added I2CADDRESS.  
• arconf setmaxcache-Added this new command.  
• arconf setpower-Added this new command. |
| 1        | August 2016   | Preliminary Release for Early Customer Engagement. |
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1 Getting Started with the Command Line Utility

This guide explains how your Microsemi Smart Storage controller supports the use of the ARCCONF command line utility.

This utility allows you to:

- Create and delete logical drives
- Encrypt and decrypt logical drive data (if supported by your controller)
- Display configuration settings
- Copy configurations from one computer to another
- Flash new firmware and BIOS onto the controller
- Enable the controller to check the removal and connection of any disk drives
- Provides access to the status and event logs of a controller

Note: This guide focuses on using ARCCONF with Microsemi Smart Storage Controllers (SmartRAID/SmartHBA/SmartIOC/SmartROC). For information about using ARCCONF with Microsemi Adaptec Series 8 (legacy) RAID controllers, see the Microsemi Adaptec RAID Controller Command Line Utility User’s Guide (ESC-2160659).

1.1 Installing the Command Line Utility

Follow the instructions in this section to install ARCCONF on the supported operating systems.

1.1.1 Downloading the Installation Packages

Complete these steps to download the ARCCONF installation package for your operating system(s):

1. Open a browser window, then type start.microsemi.com in the address bar.
2. Navigate to your controller product page, then select Storage Manager downloads.
3. Download the ARCCONF Command Line Utility installation package.
4. When the download completes, extract the package contents to the installation directory on your machine (Program Files or /opt, for instance).
5. On Linux systems, ensure that arcconf has 'execute' privilege:
   chmod arcconf +x

1.1.2 Installing Remote ARCCONF

Use the following procedure to install Remote ARCCONF on a VMware ESXi system. Remote ARCCONF provides command line support on Windows and Linux Guest OSs.

1. Copy the arcconf folder to the remote machine using the Remote Desktop Connection utility (on Windows) or a remote copy utility, such as putty or scp (on Linux).
2. Run arcconf from the installation directory.

1.2 Starting the Command Line Utility

Note: You can run a subset of ARCCONF commands from the UEFI shell. For more information, see Running ARCCONF in the UEFI Shell on page 52.

1. To start ARCCONF, enter one of the following commands:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td>&lt;install_dir&gt;/arcconf.exe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linux</td>
<td>/&lt;install_dir&gt;/arcconf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Options Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VMware ESXi with</th>
<th>/usr/RemoteArcconf/arcconf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remote ARCCONF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

where `Install_dir` is the directory where the utility is installed.

2. To see a list of available commands, type `ARCCONF` at the prompt. For help with a specific command, type `ARCCONF <command_name> help`. 
2 Using the Command Line Utility

This chapter explains how to use the command line utility interactively or in batch mode. With interactive mode, enter commands at the prompt. In batch mode, create scripts and run the script in the appropriate shell, as described in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environment</th>
<th>Batch File</th>
<th>Run Script</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td>.bat</td>
<td>CMD.EXE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linux/Unix</td>
<td>.sh</td>
<td>sh / bash</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In either mode, if your command fails, you immediately see an error message of Command failed. Other script messages that you can get are Command completed successfully, or Command aborted.

The return values for each command are the same:

0x00: SUCCESS

0x01: FAILURE - The requested command failed

0x02: ABORT - The command was aborted because parameters failed validation

0x03: INVALID_ARGUMENTS - The arguments are incorrect. (Displays COMMAND help)

To view a list of commands at the command line, type ARCCONF and press Enter.

To access the online help for a specific command, type ARCCONF <command>, then press Enter.
2.1 **ARCCONF Commands**

The following commands are available in ARCCONF for Microsemi Smart Storage controllers. The commands are described on the following pages, in alphabetical order. In the command descriptions, <> indicates a required parameter and [] indicates an optional parameter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 2 • ARCCONF Commands for Smart Storage Controllers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>atapassword</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>consistencycheck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>create</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>driverupdate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>expanderlist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>expanderupgrade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getconfig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getlogs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getsmartstats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getstatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getversion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>identify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>imageupdate key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list maxcrypto¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maxcryptoaccounts¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maxcryptokey¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>modify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>passthrough²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>phyerrorlog</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>playconfig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rescanscan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>resetstatisticscounters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>romupdate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>saveconfig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>savesupportarchive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setarrayparam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setbiosparams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setboot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setcache</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setconfig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setconnectormode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setcontrollerparam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setmaxcache</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setname</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setperform</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setpower</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setpriority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setstate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setstatsdatacollection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>slotconfig²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>smp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>splitmirror</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>task</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uninit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** ARCCONF supports commands for other controllers that are not listed in the table above. If you attempt to execute any command not listed in Table 2 • ARCCONF Commands for Smart Storage Controllers, the firmware returns an error.

¹ Available on controllers that support maxCrypto Controller-Based Encryption. See the Release Notes for more information.

² Available in UEFI/ARCCONF only. See Running ARCCONF in the UEFI Shell on page 52.
2.2 arcconf atapassword

Description
Sets or clears the password for SATA drives.

Syntax
ARCCONF ATAPASSWORD <Controller#> SET <new password> <Channel# ID#> ...
ARCCONF ATAPASSWORD <Controller#> CLEAR <current password> <Channel# ID#> ...

Parameters
new password | current password
New password, current password.
Channel/ID
Lists the space-delimited channel number and device number (ID) pairs for each drive on which to set or clear the password.

Examples
ARCCONF ATAPASSWORD 1 SET uR8ryx 0 1
ARCCONF ATAPASSWORD 1 CLEAR uR8ryx 0 1

2.3 arcconf consistencycheck

Description
Toggles the background consistency check modes of the controller.

Syntax
ARCCONF CONSISTENCYCHECK <Controller#> <on [Delay]|off> [noprompt]
ARCCONF CONSISTENCYCHECK <Controller#> PARALLELCOUNT <Count>

Parameters
Controller#
Controller number.
On [Delay]
Turns background consistency check on, with optional 1 second–30 second delay period. The delay period sets the controller idle time, after which the consistency check will start. A value of 0 disables the consistency check (effectively the same as setting the parameter to Off). If Delay is unspecified, the consistency check mode is set to IDLE. If Delay is specified, the consistency check mode is set to IDLE for the specified period.
PARALLELCOUNT <Count>
Sets the parallel surface scan count for the controller. A value of 1 disables the consistency check.
Noprompt
Optional parameter that suppresses the confirmation prompt.
Examples

ARCCONF CONSISTENCYCHECK 1 OFF
ARCCONF CONSISTENCYCHECK 1 PARALLELCOUNT 4

2.4 arccconf create

Description

Creates a new encrypted or plaintext logical drive and, optionally, enables logical drive read caching, write caching. You must provide the channel and device ID of the physical devices.

On redundant logical drives, ARCCONF performs autosynchronization.

Note: Do not mix SMR and PMR drives in an array.

Syntax

ARCCONF CREATE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE [Options] <Size> <RAID#> <CHANNEL# DRIVE#> [CHANNEL# DRIVE#] ... [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF CREATE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE [Options] <Size> <RAID#> ARRAY <Array#> [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF CREATE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE ENCODE <Enable/Disable> USERROLE <userrole> [PASSWORD <password>] [Options] <Size> <RAID#> ARRAY <Array#> [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF CREATE <Controller#> MAXCACHE [Options] DATALD, <LogicalDrive#> <Size> <RAID#> <CHANNEL# ID#> [Channel1# ID#]... [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF CREATE <Controller#> MAXCACHE [Options] DATALD, <LogicalDrive#> <Size> <RAID#> ARRAY <ARRAY#> [noprompt] [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#

The controller number.

Logical Drive, maxCache

Indicates a logical drive or maxCache Device, with the following options:

- Stripesize <STRIPE>—Allows the logical drive stripe size to be built. Optional parameters for specifying a stripe size. STRIPE is specified in kilobytes. 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512 and 1024 are supported. The default is 256 KB.
- Name <NAME>—Optional parameter for specifying the alias name of a logical device that is displayed in the utilities. Value is a string of up to 16 characters.
- Method <METHOD>—Initialization method for the logical drive. Valid options include: BUILD, .
- LDcache—Sets the cache state for the logical drive:
  - LON—cache on
  - LOFF—cache off

Data Logical Drive #

Specifies the existing data logical drive number to associate with the newly created cache logical device.

Encode <enable/disable>

Creates encrypted or plaintext logical drives, based on the maxCrypto status and Mixed Volumes logical device properties (see notes below; see also arccconf maxcrypto on page 24):

- Enable—Creates an encrypted logical drive.
- Disable—Creates a plaintext logical drive.
Note:
1. If maxCrypto status is Disabled, then only plaintext logical drives can be created.
2. If maxCrypto status is Enabled and Mixed Volumes property is Enabled, both encrypted and plaintext logical drives can be created.
3. If maxCrypto status is Enabled and Mixed Volumes property is Disabled, only encrypted logical drives can be created.
4. If maxCrypto status is Enabled, then logical drives are encrypted by default.
5. To create plaintext logical drives, the Encode option must be specified with authentication credentials (Userrole/Password).

Userrole <userrole> [Password <password>]
maxCrypto user-role and password. Valid values are:
- crypto (maxCrypto administrator)
- user (standard user)

Array <Array#>
Array number on which to create the logical drive, with the following options:
- Sectors <sectors>—Sectors per track of the logical device. Valid options are 32 and 63.
- SSDOverProvisioningOptimization <enable | disable>—Initializes solid state drives that support the rapid parity initialization feature.

Size
Indicates the size of the logical drive in megabytes. Use MAX to set size to available space. Use MAXMBR to set the size to 2 TB.

RAID#
Indicates the RAID level for the new logical drive: 0, 1, 10, 1(ADM), 10(ADM), 50, 60, and 6(ADG) are supported.

Note: For a complete list of supported RAID levels for your controller, refer to the product release notes.

Channel# Drive#
Lists the space-delimited channel number and device number pairs for each device to add to the logical drive.

Noprompt
No prompt for confirmation.

Examples
ARCCONF CREATE 1 LOGICALDRIVE STRIPESIZE 64 MAX 0 1 0 2 0 3 2 NOPROMPT
ARCCONF CREATE 1 LOGICALDRIVE ssdoverprovisioningoptimization enable 1024 0 ARRAY 0

ARCCONF CREATE 1 LOGICALDRIVE 1024 1 ARRAY 0
ARCCONF CREATE 1 LOGICALDRIVE stripesize 16 method build MAX 5 0 0 0 1 0 2
ARCCONF CREATE 1 MAXCACHE WB dataid 0 17000 1 0 0 0 1
ARCCONF CREATE 1 MAXCACHE dataid 0 17000 0 ARRAY 0
ARCCONF CREATE 1 LOGICALDRIVE ENCODE disable USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc@1234 MAX 5 0 0 1 0 2

2.5 arccconf delete

Description
Deletes a logical drive. All data stored on the logical drive will be lost.
Using the Command Line Utility

Syntax

ARCCONF DELETE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LD#> <LD#> ...|ALL [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF DELETE <Controller#> ARRAY <arr#> [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF DELETE <Controller#> ARRAY ALL [noprompt] [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#
  Controller# is the controller number.
LD#
  LogicalDrive# is the number of the logical drive to be deleted.
arr#
  arr# is the number of the array to be deleted.
LogicalDrive ALL
  Deletes all logical drives.
Noprompt
  Optional parameter that suppresses alert messages.

Examples

ARCCONF DELETE 1 LOGICALDRIVE 1 2 3
ARCCONF DELETE 1 ARRAY 0
ARCCONF DELETE 1 ARRAY ALL

2.6 arccconf driverupdate

Description

Updates the Windows device driver for the controller.
  Note: This command is available on Windows systems only.

Syntax

ARCCONF DRIVERUPDATE <DirName> [nologs]

Parameters

DirName
  Absolute path to directory containing the Windows driver.
Nologs
  Optional parameter that suppresses log output.

Examples

ARCCONF DRIVERUPDATE C:\WINDOWSALL
2.7 arcconf expanderlist

Description
Returns a list of disk drive expanders on a controller.

Syntax
ARCCONF EXPANDERLIST <Controller#>

Parameters
Controller#
Controller number.

Examples
ARCCONF EXPANDERLIST 1

2.8 arcconf expanderupgrade

Description
Allows new firmware to be flashed to an enclosure or expander.

Syntax:
ARCCONF EXPANDERUPGRADE <Controller#> ENCLOSURE <Connector# Channel# ID#> [ChunkSize#] <UpgradeType> <Filename> [Mode#] [noprompt]

Parameters
Controller#
Controller number.
Channel#
Channel number of the device to be updated.
ID#
Device number of the device to be updated.
Connector#
Connector number of the device to be updated.
ChunkSize#
Chunk size, in bytes, to be used to update the firmware. Default is 65536 bytes.
Filename
Name of the firmware update file.
UpgradeType
EXPANDER—update the firmware image on the expander or enclosure.
MFG—update the manufacturing image (BOOT SEEPROM) on the expander or enclosure.
CPLD—update the CPLD image on the expander or enclosure.

Note: MFG and CPLD upgrade types are supported on the Microsemi Adaptec AEC-82885T expander only.
Mode#

The Mode parameter applies to EXPANDER and MFG upgrade types only. Valid values are:

- 2—download microcode only; requires system reset or power cycle to activate (default).
- 6—download microcode with offsets and activate.
- 7—download microcode with offsets, save, and activate.

Noprompt

Optional parameter that suppresses alert messages.

Examples

```
arcconf EXPANDERUPGRADE 1 ENCLOSURE 2 0 0 1024 EXPANDER C:\FirmwareImage.bin 7
arcconf EXPANDERUPGRADE 1 ENCLOSURE 2 0 0 512 MFG C:\FirmwareImage.rom 6
arcconf EXPANDERUPGRADE 1 ENCLOSURE 2 0 0 256 CPLD C:\CPLDImage.bin noprompt
```

2.9 arcconf getconfig

Description

Lists information about controllers, physical drives, including:

- Controller type, status, World Wide Name (WWN), manufacturing information, and mode
- Cache preservation status: enabled/disabled, % of cache pages preserved
- BIOS, boot block, device driver, and firmware versions
- Logical drive status, RAID level and size
- Logical drive mount points
- RAID 10 segment and group information
- maxCache status, fetch and flush rate policy, read/write balance, SSD information, and statistics of the maxCache logical drive
- Device type, device ID, presence of PFA
- Physical device state, mount point (for drives with OS partition)
- Enclosure information: fan, power supply, and temperature status
- SGPIO virtual SEP information (virtual enclosure device for SGPIO backplanes)
- Connector/Lane/Phy mapping
- Green backup details
- I2C address, clock speed, and clock stretching status
- maxCrypto properties: status, mode, number of encrypted logical devices, master key configuration, account configuration

Also displays controller BIOS settings if you do not include a device-type keyword.

**Note:** When displaying adapter information (AD keyword), the Controller Status field is set to Ok or Not Ok. Its value is set to Not Ok only if:

1. Communication with the controller fails. This occurs when the driver returns an error code after attempting to send a command to the controller.
2. A logical drive was created with a newer version of arcconf. Update to the latest utilities.
3. The controller mode (RAID/Mixed/HBA) is supported by the hardware, but not the firmware. Usually, this means that an older version of arcconf is being used against a newer controller. Update to the latest utilities.

Syntax

```
ARCCONF GETCONFIG <Controller#> [AD|LD [LD#]| AR[AR#]|PD [Channel# ID# Channel# ID#...]|MC|CN] [AL] [nologs]
ARCCONF GETCONFIG <Controller#> [AR [AR#]|CN]
```
Parameters

**Controller#**
Controller number

**LD#**
Display information about the specified logical device

**AR#**
Display information about the specified array, including the associated split mirror array, if applicable

**AD/PD/AL...**
- AD—Adapter information only (including maxCrypto properties)
- LD—Logical drive information only
- AR—Array information only
- PD—Physical device information only
- MC—maxCache information only
- CN—Connector information only
- AL—All information

**Channel# ID#**
Channel# ID#: The Channel and ID of the physical device to be display.

Examples

```
ARCCONF GETCONFIG 1
```

```
Controller BIOS Setting Information
```
```
Runtime BIOS : Enabled
Array BBS Support : Enabled
Physical Drives Displayed during POST : Disabled
Backplane Mode : SGPIO
MissingDrvCount : 8
...
Overall Green Backup Unit Status : Ok
Battery/Capacitor Pack Count : 1
Battery Power Status : Charged
Hardware Error : No Error
Preservataion Status : Enabled
Preservataion Set : Disabled
Version (Major:Minor) : (6:0)
```

```
GETCONFIG 1
GETCONFIG 1 AD
GETCONFIG 1 LD
GETCONFIG 1 LD 0
GETCONFIG 1 PD
GETCONFIG 1 PD 0 0
GETCONFIG 1 AR
GETCONFIG 1 AR 0
GETCONFIG 1 MC
GETCONFIG 1 CN
GETCONFIG 1 AL
```

2.10 **arconf getlogs**

Description

Provides access to controller status, event logs, and usage statistics, including:
- A log of device errors that the controller encountered
- A log that records any occurrences of defunct devices
- A log of special events that may have occurred (rebuilds, LDMs, etc.)
- A log of controller usage statistics, including Inter-I/O Read and Write times and I/O Completion Read and Write times
- A log of cache statistics for one or all logical drives
• A log of supported hardware components on the controller

**Syntax**

ARCCONF GETLOGS <Controller#> <Type1> [clear|tabular] [nologs]
ARCCONF GETLOGS <Controller#> <Type2> [tabular] [nologs]
ARCCONF GETLOGS <Controller#> <Type3> LOGICALDRIVE [<LD#>|ALL] [tabular] [nologs]
ARCCONF GETLOGS <Controller#> <Type4> <HardwareType#> [nologs]
ARCCONF GETLOGS <Controller#> DEVICE <clear> <ErrorType#> [<Channel# ID#>|ALL] [nologs]

**Parameters**

**Controller#**
Controller number.

**Type1**
One of the following:
- DEVICE—device error log
- DEAD—dead (failed) drive log
- EVENT—controller event log

**Type2**
- STATS—controller statistics data

**Type3**
- CACHE—cache statistics data for all or a single logical drive

**Type4**
One of the following:
1. Cache Memory
2. NVSRAM

**ErrorType**
One of the following:
- 1—Parity Error Counter
- 2—Link Failure Counter
- 3—Hardware Error Counter
- 4—Aborted Commands Counter
- 5—Medium Error Counter
- 6—SMART Warning Counter

**Clear**
Clears the specified log from the controller or a specific error counter for one or all physical drives on a controller.

**Channel/ID**
Channel and number of the physical device on the controller.

**Tabular**
Displays the log or statistics in tabular format.

**Examples**

ARCCONF GETLOGS 1 EVENT
ARCCONF GETLOGS 1 STATS tabular
ARCCONF GETLOGS 1 DEVICE clear 3 ALL
2.11 arcconf getsmartstats

Description
Displays SMART statistics for the hard drives and Solid State Drives (SSDs) on a controller.

Syntax
ARCCONF GETSMARTSTATS <Controller#> [Tabular]

Parameters
Controller#
Controller number.
Tabular
Creates output in tabular format.

Examples
ARCCONF GETSMARTSTATS 1
ARCCONF GETSMARTSTATS 1 TABULAR

2.12 arcconf getstatus

Description
The GETSTATUS function displays the status of any background command that is currently running. The information includes the type of operation, status, logical drive number and logical drive size (for a logical device), channel ID/device ID (for a physical drive), and percentage of the operation completed.

Syntax
ARCCONF GETSTATUS <Controller#> [nologs]

Parameters
Controller#
Controller# is the controller number.

Examples
ARCCONF GETSTATUS 1

2.13 arcconf getversion

Description
Lists version information for all controllers or a specific controller's software components, including information about the BIOS, driver, firmware currently running, and firmware that will run after a reboot.
**Syntax**

ARCCONF GETVERSION
ARCCONF GETVERSION <Controller#>

**Parameters**

**Controller#**
Controller# is the controller number

**Examples**

ARCCONF GETVERSION
ARCCONF GETVERSION 1

2.14 **arccconf identify**

**Description**

Identifies a physical device by blinking its LEDs.

**Syntax**

ARCCONF IDENTIFY <Controller#> ALL [TIME <BlinkTime>] [STOP] [nologs]
ARCCONF IDENTIFY <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> [TIME <BlinkTime>] [nologs]
ARCCONF IDENTIFY <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel# ID#> ... [TIME <BlinkTime>] [nologs]
ARCCONF IDENTIFY <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> [TIME <BlinkTime>] [nologs]

**Parameters**

**Controller#**
Controller number

**LogicalDrive#**
Number of the logical drive to be identified

**Array#**
Array number

**Channel# ID#**
Channel number and ID number for the physical device(s) to be identified

**ALL**
Blinks all physical devices on the controller for 1 hour or until the STOP command is issued

**TIME <BlinkTime>**
Time, in seconds, for the LEDs to continue blinking

**STOP**
Stops blinking the device

**Examples**
2.15 **arcconf imageupdate**

**Description**

Allows new firmware to be flashed to the hard drive.

**Syntax:**

ARCCONF IMAGEUPDATE <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel# ID# ChunkSize# Filename> [Mode#] [BufferID#] [noprompt]

**Parameters**

- **Controller#**
  Controller number.
- **Channel#**
  Channel number of the device to be updated.
- **ID#**
  Device number of the device to be updated.
- **ChunkSize#**
  Chunk size, in bytes, to be used to update the firmware.
  
  **Note:** For SATA drives, the chunk size must be a multiple of 512.
- **Filename**
  Name of the firmware update file.
- **Mode#**
  Firmware update mode. Valid values for physical drives are:
  - 3-(SATA) Download with offsets and save image for immediate and future use
  - 7-(SAS) Download microcode with offsets, save, and activate
- **BufferID#**
  Mandatory for tape drive firmware update.
- **Noprompt**
  Optional parameter that suppresses alert messages.

**Examples**

ARCCONF IMAGEUPDATE 1 DEVICE 0 0 32768 ados.lod 3

2.16 **arcconf key**

**Description**

Loads a feature key onto a Microsemi controller.
**Syntax**

ARCCONF KEY <Controller#> SET <Key#>

**Parameters**

*Controller#*

The controller number.

*Key#*

The key number provided by Microsemi.

**Examples**

ARCCONF KEY 1 SET ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

### 2.17 arcconf list

**Description**

Lists all controllers in the system, or the configuration of a specific controller.

**Syntax**

ARCCONF LIST [Controller#]

**Parameters**

*Controller#*

The controller number.

**Examples**

ARCCONF LIST

ARCCONF LIST 1

### 2.18 arcconf maxcrypto

**Description**

Configures maxCrypto settings, including:

- maxCrypto master key
- Mode (enable/disable)
- Administrator account credentials
- Support for mixed encrypted/plaintext volumes

Also toggles the maxCrypto mode, encodes/encrypts arrays and logical drives, and shows the maxCrypto certificate.

**Syntax**

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO <Controller#> SETUP manual MODE <enable <ACCEPT <yes | no> > | disable> KEYMANAGEMENTMODE local MIXEDVOLUMES <enable | disable> MASTERKEY <masterkeystring> USERROLE crypto [PASSWORD <crypto password>]
Using the Command Line Utility

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO <Controller#> MODE <enable <ACCEPT <yes | no> > | disable> USERROLE <crypto | user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO <Controller#> ENCODE LOGICALDRIVE <logicaldrive#> DATA <preserve/discard> USERROLE <crypto | user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO <Controller#> ENCODE ARRAY <array#> DATA <preserve/discard> USERROLE <crypto | user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>] [nologs]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO <Controller#> SHOW certificate

Parameters

Controller#
Controller number.

SETUP manual
Enables manual setup; all parameters are required.

MODE <enable <ACCEPT <yes | no> > | disable>
Enables creation of encrypted and plaintext logical devices and allows you to accept the maxCrypto Terms of Use. Valid values are:

• Enable: Authorized users can create encrypted logical devices or plaintext logical devices, based on the value of the MIXEDVOLUMES property.
• Disable: Authorized users can create plaintext (non-encrypted) logical devices only.

KEYMANAGEMENTMODE local
Enables local key management.

MIXEDVOLUMES
Enables mixing of encrypted and plaintext logical devices. Valid values are:

• Enable: Authorized users have the option to create encrypted logical devices or plaintext logical devices.
• Disable: New logical devices will be encrypted, with no option to create plaintext logical devices.

MASTERKEY <masterkeystring>
A 10 to 32 character string, using all printable ASCII characters.

Important: Be sure to record the master key and store in a safe place. Once set, the master key cannot be displayed or recovered, only reset.

USERROLE <userrole> [PASSWORD <password>]
maxCrypto user role and password. Valid values are:

• crypto (maxCrypto administrator)
• user (standard user)

The password is a 8-16 character string, comprising all printable ASCII characters. It must include at least one uppercase character, one lowercase character, one numeric, and one special character (#,!,@,...). If password is not entered on the command line, a prompt appears during command execution.

ENCODE
Encrypts an existing array or logical drive, based on the maxCrypto mode and MIXEDVOLUMES property.

DATA <preserve | discard>
Preserves or discards original data in encoded logical device.

SHOW certificate
Displays the maxCrypto Terms of Use certificate.

Examples

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO 1 SETUP manual MODE enable ACCEPT yes KEYMANAGEMENTMODE local MIXEDVOLUMES enable MASTERKEY Abc@1234567 USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc@123456 ARCCONF MAXCRYPTO 1 SETUP manual MODE disable KEYMANAGEMENTMODE local MIXEDVOLUMES enable
2.19  arcconf maxcryptoaccounts

Description

Creates a maxCrypto standard user (non-administrator) account, sets password recovery question/answer, changes passwords, and recovers passwords.

Syntax

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS <Controller#> CREATEUSER [CRYPTOPASSWORD <crypto password> USERPASSWORD <user password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS <Controller#> CHANGEPASSWORD USERROLE <crypto | user> [OLDPASSWORD <crypto/user password> NEWPASSWORD <crypto/user password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS <Controller#> SETRECOVERYPARAM QUESTION "<Question>" ANSWER "<Answer>" USERROLE crypto [PASSWORD <crypto password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS <Controller#> RECOVERPASSWORD ANSWER "<Answer>" USERROLE crypto [NEWPASSWORD <crypto password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS <Controller#> RECOVERPASSWORD SHOW question [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#

Controller number.

CREATEUSER

Creates a standard user account, using the maxCrypto Administrator account (crypto).

Note: The standard user account is limited to lock/unlock firmware update; see arcconf setcontrollerparam on page 40.

CRYPTOPASSWORD <crypto password>

maxCrypto Administrator account (crypto) password. If crypto password is not entered on the command line, a prompt appears during command execution.

USERPASSWORD <user password>

maxCrypto standard account (user) password. The password is a 8-16 character string, comprising all printable ASCII characters. It must include at least one uppercase character, one lowercase character, one numeric, and one special character (#,!,@,...). If user password is not entered on the command line, a prompt appears during command execution.

CHANGEPASSWORD

Changes the password for the standard user or crypto (Administrator) account.

USERROLE <crypto | user>

The account type: crypto (Administrator) or user (standard user).

OLDPASSWORD <crypto/user password> NEWPASSWORD <crypto/user password>

The old password and new password for the crypto account or user account. The password is a 8-16 character string, comprising all printable ASCII characters. It must include at least one uppercase character, one lowercase character, one numeric, and one special character (#,!,@,...). If the password is not entered on the command line, a prompt appears during command execution.

SETRECOVERYPARAM QUESTION "<Question>" ANSWER "<Answer>"

Sets the password recovery question and answer for the crypto (Administrator) account. The question and answer must be enclosed in quotes.

RECOVERPASSWORD ANSWER "<Answer>" [NEWPASSWORD <crypto password>]
Answers the recovery question and sets the new password for the crypto (Administrator) account. If
the password is not entered on the command line, a prompt appears during command execution.

RECOVERPASSWORD SHOW question
Shows the recovery question.

Examples

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS 1 CHANGE PASSWORD USERROLE crypto OLD PASSWORD Abc@1234
NEW PASSWORD Abc@123456
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS 1>Create USER CRYPTO PASSWORD Abc@1234 USER PASSWORD Abc@123456
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOACCOUNTS 1 SETRECOVERYPARAM QUESTION "Which planet are you from?" ANSWER
"I am from planet earth" USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc123456

2.20 arcconf maxcryptokey

Description
Performs maxCrypto key management functions, including changing the master key, generating a new
key for an encrypted array or logical drive, and importing a master key for a logical drive moved from
another controller (allows the controller to access the encrypted data).

Syntax

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOKEY <Controller#> CHANGEMASTERKEY <masterkey string> USERROLE <crypto |
user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOKEY <Controller#> REKEY ARRAY <array#> USERROLE <crypto | user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>] [nologs]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOKEY <Controller#> REKEY LOGICALDRIVE <logicaldrive# | ALL>
USERROLE <crypto | user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>]
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOKEY <Controller#> IMPORT MASTERKEY <masterkey string> USERROLE <crypto |
user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>]

Parameters

Controller#
Controller number.

CHANGEMASTERKEY <masterkey string>
A 10 to 32 character string, using all printable ASCII characters.

Important: Be sure to record the new master key and store in a safe place. Once set, the master
key cannot be displayed or recovered, only reset.

IMPORT MASTERKEY <masterkey string>
Imports the master key for a logical drive moved from another controller. The master key is a 10 to
32 character string, using all printable ASCII characters.

REKEY
Generates a new key for an encrypted array or logical drive.

USERROLE <crypto | user> [PASSWORD <crypto/user password>]
maxCrypto user role: crypto (Administrator) or user (standard account), with optional password. If
password is not entered on the command line, a prompt appears during command execution.
Examples

ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOKEY 1 CHANGEMASTERKEY Abc@1234567 USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc@123456
ARCCONF MAXCRYPTOKEY 1 REKEY ARRAY 0 USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc@123456

2.21 arcconf modify

Description

Morphs a logical device from one RAID level to another (RAID Level Migration). Expands a logical device from original size to one with larger capacity (Online Capacity Expansion).

Expands, shrinks or moves an array, or moves a logical device to a new array.

Note: Do not mix SMR and PMR in an array.

Syntax

ARCCONF MODIFY <Controller#> FROM <LogicalDrive#> TO [Options] <Size> <RAID#> [CHANNEL# ID#] ... [noprompt]
ARCCONF MODIFY <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> MOVE <Channel# ID#> [Channel# ID#] ... [nologs]
ARCCONF MODIFY <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> HEAL <Channel# ID#> [Channel# ID#] ... [nologs]
ARCCONF MODIFY <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LD#> MOVEARRAY <Array#> [nologs]
ARCCONF MODIFY <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LD#> NEWARRAY <Channel# ID#> [Channel# ID#] ... [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#
The controller number

LogicalDrive#
The logical drive number to be modified

Array#
The array ID of the array to be modified

Options
One of the following:

• Stripesize <size>—indicates the stripe size in KB. Options are 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, and 1024. the default is 256KB.

Size
• Size in MB.
• MAX indicates that you want to use all available space on the disk.

RAID#
RAID level for the logical drive: 0, 1, 10, 50 and 60 are supported.

Channel# ID#
Channel number and device ID for the device

Note: The CHANNEL# and ID# parameters are the list of devices that will contain the target modification object. Channel and ID are repeatable parameters. For RAID 1 to Simple Volume migration, CHANNEL# and ID# parameters are ignored.

MOVE
Moves an array to a new set of physical devices. Number of new physical devices must equal the number of physical devices in the original array.
HEAL
Replaces failed physical devices in the array with the specified devices

MOVEARRAY
Moves a logical device to an existing array

NEWARRAY
Moves a logical device to a new array created with the specified physical devices

modifyparitygroups
Reconfigures the logical device(s) parity groups based on the final number of physical devices in the array

noprompt
Suppresses the user prompt

Examples
ARCCONF MODIFY 1 FROM 2 TO 2048 0 0 123 0 124 0 117
ARCCONF MODIFY 1 ARRAY 1 MOVE 0 2 0 3
ARCCONF MODIFY 1 ARRAY 1 HEAL 0 0 0 1
ARCCONF MODIFY 1 LOGICALDRIVE 0 MOVEARRAY 1
ARCCONF MODIFY 1 LOGICALDRIVE 0 NEWARRAY 0 4 0 5

2.22 arcconf passthrough

Description
Sends a passthrough SCSI command. The CDB bytes are enclosed in square brackets, hex encoded, space-delimited, and must number 6, 10, 12, or 16 bytes. Read data may be redirected to a file. Write data is taken from the specified file. Transfers are limited to 2048 bytes. Transfer lengths are inferred for common SCSI CDBs but may be overridden using the length parameter.

Syntax
Usage:
PASSTHROUGH <Controller#> <Channel# ID#> <read|notransfer> [length] <[> CDB_START <CDB_DATA> CDB_START <CDB_DATA> <CDB_END] [rawhex] [noprompt] [nolog]
PASSTHROUGH <Controller#> <Channel# ID#> <readwithsense|notransferwithsense> [length] <[> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB_END] [rawhex] [noprompt] [nolog]
PASSTHROUGH <Controller#> <Channel# ID#> <write> [length] <[> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB_END] <Filename> [file] [noprompt]
PASSTHROUGH <Controller#> <Channel# ID#> <writewithsense> [length] <[> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB_END] <Filename> [file] [noprompt]
PASSTHROUGH <Controller#> <Channel# ID#1-ID#2> <read> [length] <[> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB_END] [rawhex] [noprompt]
PASSTHROUGH <Controller#> <Channel# ID#1, ID#2, ID#3> <read> [length] <[> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB> <CDB_DATA> <CDB_END] [rawhex] [noprompt]

Parameters

CDB
SCSI Command Descriptor Block. The CDB bytes are enclosed in square brackets, hex encoded, space-delimited, and must be 6, 10, 12, or 16 bytes.

length
Read/write data buffer length.

Read
Command direction is read.

Write
Command direction is write.

**notransfer**
No command direction (No data to read/write from/to the device).

**readwithsense**
Command direction is read with sense data.

**writewithsense**
Command direction is write with sense data.

**notransferwithsense**
Read only the sense data.

**rawhex**
Displays Hex data only of the Passthrough response.

**Controller#**
The controller through which the passthrough CDB is to be sent.

**Channel# ID#**
The channel and ID of the physical device.

**FileName**
Write the CDB data input file.

**noprompt**
Suppress alert messages.

**nologs**
Suppress log output.

### Supported Commands

**Table 3 • Passthrough CDB Commands**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Opcode</th>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Direction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x00</td>
<td>TEST UNIT READY</td>
<td>notransfer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x03</td>
<td>REQUEST SENSE</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x08</td>
<td>READ (6)</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x0A</td>
<td>WRITE (6)</td>
<td>write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x12</td>
<td>INQUIRY</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x15</td>
<td>MODE SELECT (6)</td>
<td>write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x1A</td>
<td>MODE SENSE (6)</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x1B</td>
<td>START STOP UNIT</td>
<td>notransfer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x1C</td>
<td>RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x1D</td>
<td>SEND DIAGNOSTIC</td>
<td>write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x25</td>
<td>READ CAPACITY (10)</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x28</td>
<td>READ (10)</td>
<td>read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x2A</td>
<td>WRITE (10)</td>
<td>write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x2E</td>
<td>WRITE AND VERIFY (10)</td>
<td>write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x3B</td>
<td>WRITE BUFFER</td>
<td>write</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 2.23 arcconf phyerrorlog

**Description**

Displays PHY error logs for physical devices on a controller.

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF PHYERRORLOG <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel# ID#>
ARCCONF PHYERRORLOG <Controller#> DEVICE ALL
```

**Parameters**

- **Controller#**
  - Controller number.
- **Channel/ID**
  - Channel and number of the physical device on the controller.
- **ALL**
  - Displays PHY error log for all physical devices.

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF PHYERRORLOG 1 DEVICE 0 0
ARCCONF PHYERRORLOG 1 DEVICE ALL
```
2.24 arcconf playconfig

Description

Configures a controller using a XML server template file produced by the SAVECONFIG command (see arcconf saveconfig on page 34). Use this command to deploy the same controller configuration on multiple servers in your storage space.

Note:

1. The XML server template file (default, saveconfig.xml) is editable. For example, you may need to change the disk drive capacity, logical drive size, or RAID level.

2. Drives from the same vendor with slightly different capacities (147GB vs 150GB, for instance) are considered interchangeable. If the interchange results in a change in logical drive capacity, the drive is scaled, as needed. For example, if the new drives have 4% more capacity due to vendor or model changes, then all logical drives are increased in size by 4%.

3. Be sure to check the log file to verify that the controller was configured successfully. The exit codes, shown below, indicate the success or failure of the operation and if the system needs to be rebooted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUCCESS</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Configuration succeeded, no reboot is required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAILURE_GENERAL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>An error occurred and the configuration could not be completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUCCESS_REBOOT</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Configuration succeeded, but a reboot is required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Syntax

ARCCONF PLAYCONFIG <Input XML File> [LogFile] [FORCE ALL|LOGICALSIZE] [SLOTID]

Parameters

Input XML File
The pathname of the server template file. The default server template file is available at C:\PMCS\Logs\saveconfig.xml.

LogFile
Sets the pathname of the error log file. By default, the error log is available at C:\PMCS\Logs\playconfig.log.

FORCE
Forces deployment of the server even if the controller does not support all features, or the drive capacity does not match the configuration in the input XML file. Use FORCE ALL to force deployment of all features; use FORCE LOGICALSIZE to force deployment of just the logical drives.

SLOTID
Apply the configuration based on Slot ID instead of Device ID.

Examples

ARCCONF PLAYCONFIG server1_config.xml playconfig.log FORCE ALL
2.25  arcconf rescan

Description

Enables the controller to check for the removal of any disk drives and to check for the connection of any new disk drives to the controller. Controller rescan runs in the background, asynchronously. When rescan is started, a message is displayed stating that the process is running in the background and may take 10 minutes to complete. Another message is displayed if a rescan is started while one is already in progress.

Syntax

ARCCONF RESCAN <Controller#>  [nologs]
ARCCONF RESCAN ALL  [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#
  The controller number

ALL
  Rescans all controllers in the system

Examples

ARCCONF RESCAN 1
ARCCONF RESCAN ALL

2.26  arcconf resetstatisticscounters

Description

Resets statistics counters for a controller and the logical and physical devices attached to it. Use this command to clear the counters and create fresh statistics, including (but not limited to):
  • Read/Write Request Count
  • Sectors Read/Written/Flushed
  • Unaligned Reads/Writes
  • Avg/Max Request Latency
  • Max Queue Depth
  • Max Request Latency
  • Avg Dirty Cache Lines
  • Avg Free Processor Ram
  • Avg Locked Stripes
  • Command Count

Syntax

ARCCONF RESETSTATISTICSCOUNTERS <Controller#>
Parameters

Controller#
The controller number

Examples

ARCCONF RESETSTATISTICS COUNTERS 1

2.27 arcconf romupdate

Description

Allows new firmware and BIOS to be flashed to the controller. A reboot is required for the new firmware to take effect.

Note:

1. This command is supported on all OSs that support maxView Storage Manager.
2. You can download the .bin update files at www.start.microsemi.com

Syntax

ARCCONF ROMUPDATE <Controller#> <BaseName> [newversion <build#>] [force] [noprompt] [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#
The controller number.
BaseName
Absolute path to the controller image file.
Newversion <build#>
Specifies the version of the firmware build.
Force
An optional parameter used to force a down-level firmware update. Valid only if Newversion parameter is specified.
Noprompt
An optional parameter that suppresses the confirmation prompt.

Examples

ARCCONF ROMUPDATE 1 /usr/home/AC220001.BIN
ARCCONF ROMUPDATE 1 C:\firmwareImage\as483c.bin newversion 12345 force noprompt

2.28 arcconf saveconfig

Description

Note: This command is supported on all OSs that support maxView Storage Manager.

Saves the controller configuration to a XML server template file, including the controller type, operational settings, physical drive size, logical drive size, RAID level, and more. Use this file with the PLAYCONFIG
command to deploy the same controller configuration to other servers in your storage space; see arcconf playconfig on page 32 for more information.

**Note:** Be sure to check the log file to verify that the configuration XML file was created successfully. The exit codes, shown below, indicate the success or failure of the operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUCCESS</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Configuration XML generated successfully.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAILURE_GENERAL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>An error occurred and the configuration XML could not be generated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF SAVECONFIG [Input XML File] [LogFile]
```

**Parameters**

**Input XML File**

The pathname of the server template file. The default name (if you omit this parameter) is C:\PMCS\Logs\saveconfig.xml.

**LogFile**

The pathname of the error log file. By default, the error log is available at C:\PMCS\Logs\saveconfig.log.

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF SAVECONFIG server1_config.xml C:\LOGS\SERVER1.LOG
```

2.29  arcconf savesupportarchive

**Description**

Saves configuration and status information to help diagnose a problem with your system. Saved information includes device logs, drive logs, event logs, error logs, controller logs, history logs, basecode logs, and SSD SMART statistics.

By default, the log files are saved in the Support folder in the standard logs directory for your operating system (/var/log for Linux, and so on).

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF SAVESUPPORTARCHIVE [Path] [Firmware|Arcconf|Storlib|Basecode]
```

**Parameters**

**Path**

Path to store the log files.

**Log type:**

One of these log files:
- Firmware: saves Firmware logs
- Arcconf: saves Arcconf logs
- Storlib: saves StorLib logs
- Basecode: saves basecode logs
Examples

ARCCONF SAVESUPPORTARCHIVE
ARCCONF SAVESUPPORTARCHIVE Firmware

2.30  arcconf setarrayparam

Description
Changes a parameter of an array.

Syntax

ARCCONF SETARRAYPARAM <Controller#> <Array#> SPARETYPE <Type> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETARRAYPARAM <Controller#> <Array#> CONSOLIDATESPACE [nologs]
ARCCONF SETARRAYPARAM <Controller#> <Array#> SSDIOBYPASS <enable/disable> [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#
Controller number

Array#
Array number to be modified

SPARETYPE
Sets the spare type for the array:
• 1: Dedicated—A dedicated spare that replaces a failed drive in the array, and is shareable between arrays.
• 2: Autoreplace—A spare that replaces a failed drive in the array, and is not sharable between arrays.

CONSOLIDATESPACE
Relocates the logical drives in the array and consolidates the array free space at the end of the array.

SSDIOBYPASS
Enables or disables I/O bypass for all logical devices in the array. Default is enabled.
• 1: Enable—I/O bypass on array will be enabled.
• 2: Disable—I/O bypass on array will be disabled.

Examples

ARCCONF SETARRAYPARAM 1 0 SPARETYPE 1
ARCCONF SETARRAYPARAM 1 0 CONSOLIDATESPACE
ARCCONF SETARRAYPARAM 1 0 SSDIOBYPASS enable

2.31  arcconf setbiosparams

Description
Changes select BIOS settings
Syntax

ARCCONF SETBIOSPARAMS <Controller#> POSTPROMPTTIMEOUT <timeout>

Parameters

Controller#
Controller number

Subfunction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POSTPROMPTTIMEOUT</td>
<td>Changes the F1/F2 POST prompt timeout for the controller during system boot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;timeout&gt;</td>
<td>Timeout can have a value between 1-255.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples

ARCCONF SETBIOSPARAMS 1 POSTPROMPTTIMECOUNT 10

2.32 arcconf setboot

Description

Sets the controller as a boot device for the system. This command is available only when the controller is offline.

Syntax

ARCCONF SETBOOT <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> [TYPE <Boot Type>] [nologs]
ARCCONF SETBOOT <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel# ID#> TYPE <Boot Type> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETBOOT <Controller#> ENABLE

Parameters

Controller#
Controller number

LogicalDrive#
Logical drive number to mark as the boot device

Channel# ID#
Channel and ID of the physical device to mark as the boot device

TYPE <Boot Type>
Boot type of the logical or physical device:
- Primary - Primary boot logical/physical device
- Secondary - Secondary boot logical/physical device
- None - Non-bootable

ENABLE
Sets the controller as a boot controller
**Examples**

ARCCONF SETBOOT 1 LOGICALDRIVE 0 TYPE primary
ARCCONF SETBOOT 1 DEVICE 0 5 TYPE secondary
ARCCONF SETBOOT 1 ENABLE

**2.33**  
**arccconf setcache**

**Description**

Changes the cache mode for a logical drive, or the write cache mode for all drives or a single physical drive on a controller.

**Syntax**

ARCCONF SETCACHE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> <logical mode>  
[noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCACHE <Controller#> DEVICEALL <policy> [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCACHE <Controller#> CACHERATIO <read#> <write#>
ARCCONF SETCACHE <Controller#> WAITFORCACHEROOM <enable | disable>
ARCCONF SETCACHE <Controller#> NOBATTERYWRITECACHE <enable | disable>

**Parameters**

**Controller**  
The controller number

**LogicalDrive**  
The number of the logical drive whose cache will be altered

**Logical mode**  
Logical drive cache mode:
- con - cache enabled
- coff - cache disabled

**Channel/ID**  
Lists the space-delimited channel number and device number pairs for each device.

**Policy**

- Enable - write back for all physical drives
- Disable - write through for all physical drives

**CACHERATIO <read#> <write#>**

Sets the cache ratio for the controller:
- read# - Read cache percentage
- write# - Write cache percentage

**WAITFORCACHEROOM**

Wait for room in the read/write cache when full instead of automatically bypassing it in favor of higher performance. Enabling this feature prevents RAID 1 inconsistencies that occur whenever the host changes buffer contents during write operations.
- Enable - wait for room in the read/write cache
- Disable - do not wait for room in the read/write cache

**NOBATTERYWRITECACHE**

Enables write caching when a battery or supercapacitor is not present or fully charged. This setting applies to all logical drives on the controller; at least one logical drive must exist before usage.
- Enable - enable write caching on controller without fully charged battery or supercapacitor
- Disable - disable write caching on controller without fully charged battery or supercapacitor
Caution: Enabling write caching without a fully charged battery/supercapacitor may cause data loss in the event of a power failure.

Examples

ARCCONF SETCACHE 1 DEVICEALL Enable
ARCCONF SETCACHE 1 CACHERATIO 60 40
ARCCONF SETCACHE 1 WAITFORCACHEROOM enable
ARCCONF SETCACHE 1 NOBATTERYWRITECACHE enable

2.34 arcconf setconfig

Description

Resets the controller configuration. Logical drives are deleted, hard disks are reset to the READY state, cache contents are lost, and controller settings are reset to default values. Optionally, you can clear the maxCrypto configuration, including all keys, passwords, and maxCrypto users (administrator and standard user).

Syntax

SETCONFIG <Controller#> <DEFAULT | CLEARMAXCRYPTOCONFIG> [noprompt]

Parameters

Controller#

The controller number

Default

Restores the controller’s default configuration.

Clearmaxcryptoconfig

Restores the default maxCrypto configuration.

Noprompt

No prompt for confirmation.

Examples

ARCCONF SETCONFIG 1 DEFAULT
ARCCONF SETCONFIG 1 CLEARMAXCRYPTOCONFIG

2.35 arcconf setconnectormode

Description

Use this command to configure controller connectors to different operating modes:

- HBA Mode—Allows the controller to act and be used as a Host Bus Adapter. RAID functions of the controller are disabled. All attached drives are surfaced as RAW devices.
- RAID: Hide RAW—All RAID functions of the controller are enabled, but RAW devices are not exposed to the operating system.
- Smart HBA (Mixed)—RAID volumes and RAW drives are exposed to operating system.
Syntax:

ARCCONF SETCONNECTORMODE <Controller#> <Connector #> <Functional Mode#> <Connector #> <Functional Mode#> ... [noprompt] [nologs]

Parameters

Controller#
  Controller number.

Connector#
  Connector number.

Functional Mode#
  One of the following values:

  • 1 - HBA Mode
  • 2 - RAID: Hide RAW
  • 3 - Smart HBA (Mixed)

nologs
  Supresses log output.

Examples

ARCCONF SETCONNECTORMODE 1 1 1
ARCCONF SETCONNECTORMODE 1 3 3

2.36  arconf setcontrollerparam

Description

Changes a parameter of a controller.

Syntax

ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> QUEUEDEPTH <QDepth> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> SPAREACTIVATIONMODE <Mode> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> ELEVATORSORT <Enable | Disable> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> LATENCY <Latency> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> I2CADDRESS <i2cAddress> <i2cClockSpeed> <i2cClockStretching> [nologs]
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> SANITIZELOCK <sanitizeLock>
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> MIXEDVOLUMES <Enable | Disable> USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM <Controller#> FWLOCK <Enable | Disable> USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>

Parameters

Controller#
  Controller number

QUEUEDEPTH <QDepth>
  Sets the queue depth for the controller. Valid values are 0, 2, 4, 8, 16, and 32. A value of 0 indicates automatic queue depth.

SPAREACTIVATIONMODE <mode>
  Sets the spare activation mode from activation on failure to predictive spare activation. Valid values are:
• 0: Activate on failure (default)
• 1: Activate on predictive failure

ELEVATORSORT
Sets the behavior of the controller cache write Elevator sort algorithm.

LATENCY
Sets the flexible latency scheduler. Valid values are:
• 0: Disable (default).
• 1: Low. Sets value to 250.
• 2: Medium. Sets value to 100.
• 3: High. Sets value to 50.
• 4: Aggressive level 1. Sets value to 30.
• 5: Aggressive level 2. Sets value to 10.

I2CADDRESS
Sets the I2C Address of the controller. Sets the I2C clock speed.
• i2cAddress. Hexadecimal input from range of 0x00–0xFF.
• i2cClockSpeed. Sets the I2C clock speed
---
• 2: I2C Clock Speed 100 kHz
• 3: I2C Clock Speed 400 kHz
• i2cClockStretching. Sets the I2C clock stretch.
---
• Enable—Enables clock stretching.
• Disable—Disables clock stretching.

SANITIZELOCK
Sets the Sanitize lock on the controller.
• sanitizeLock
---
• None - Default setting
• Freeze - Freezes the Sanitize operation on all supported drives
• AntiFreeze - Blocks setting the Freeze mode on all supported drives. Prevents further attempts to freeze the Sanitize operation on the hard drive.

MIXEDVOLUMES
Enables mixing of encrypted and plaintext logical devices. Valid values are:
• Enable: Authorized users have the option to create encrypted logical devices or plaintext logical devices (not encrypted).
• Disable: New logical devices will be encrypted, with no option to create plaintext logical devices.

FWLOCK
Locks/unlocks controller firmware update. Valid values are:
• Enable: Authorized users can update the controller firmware.
• Disable: Controller firmware cannot be updated.

USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>
maxCrypto user-role and password. Valid values are:
• crypto (maxCrypto administrator)
• user (standard user)

Examples
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 QUEUEDEPTH 16
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 SPAREACTIVATIONMODE 0
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 ELEVATORSORT disable
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 LATENCY 2
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 I2CADDRESS 0x05 2 Disable
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 SANITIZELOCK Freeze
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 MIXEDVOLUMES enable USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc@1234
ARCCONF SETCONTROLLERPARAM 1 FWLOCK enable USERROLE crypto PASSWORD Abc@1234
2.37  **arccfg setmaxcache**

**Description**

Enables/disables maxCache SSD caching for one or more logical drives; updates the maxCache write cache policy and "dirty page" threshold (data not committed to disk); adds Solid State Drives to the maxCache pool and removes SSDs from the pool; sets the maxCache read/write balance and cache fetch/flush rate; clears the maxCache pool.

**Note:** Before you can enable maxCache SSD caching, you must assign at least one SSD to the maxCache pool.

**Syntax: Read Caching**

```
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> READCACHE <ENABLE|DISABLE>
```

**Syntax: Write Caching**

```
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> WRITECACHE <ENABLE|DISABLE> [WRITEPOLICY <policy>]
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE ALL WRITECACHE DISABLE [WRITEPOLICY <policy>]
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> WRITEPOLICY <policy>
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> DIRTPAGETHRESHOLD <dirtyPageThreshold#>
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> WBCVALID <ENABLE|DISABLE>
```

**General Usage**

```
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> <ADDTOPOOL|REMOVEFROMPOOL> <Channel# Device#>
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> RWBALANCE <Read#> <Write#>
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> FLUSHANDFETCHRATE <FlushAndFetchRate#>
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE <Controller#> CLEAR
```

**Parameters**

- **Controller#**
  The controller number.

- **LogicalDrive#**
  The number of the logical drive. You can specify one or more logical drives.

- **Channel#**
  The channel number for the SSD.

- **Device#**
  The device number for the SSD.

- **Read#/Write#**
  The read/write ratio for invalidating data on the SSD. When the ratio is reached, the page is removed from the cache. Values range from 1-10 for each parameter.

- **FlushAndFetchRate#**
  The read cache fetch rate from 1 to 1000: 1-50=Low, 51-100=Medium, 101-1000=High. The default is 100.
Note: The lower the rate the longer the page is kept on the SSD before it is flushed from the cache.

dirtyPageThreshold#
Controls the amount cache space allocated to “dirty” data; that is, data that has not been committed to disk. The threshold value ranges from 1-100 (percent). Once the percentage of dirty pages crosses the threshold, the data are flushed to disk.

WBCVALID ENABLE|DISABLE
Enables and disables write caching in non-redundant maxCache. Applies to all logical drives.

Policy
maxCache write cache policy:

- WB - write back enabled. maxCache will store the data on the SSD and write it back to the hard disks when there is little or no impact on performance. This is the default policy.
- INSTWB - instant write back enabled. In addition to the default policy, maxCache will create dirty pages on-the-fly for full-stripe writes if there is room on the SSD and the number of dirty pages is below the threshold.
- WT - write through enabled. Similar to instant write back, but full-stripe writes go to both the cache and hard disk and no dirty pages are created on-the-fly.

Clear
Clears the maxCache pool.

Examples

```
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 LOGICALDRIVE 1 READCACHE ENABLE
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 LOGICALDRIVE 1 WRITECACHE ENABLE WRITEPOLICY WT
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 DIRTPAGETHRESHOLD 50
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 ADDTOPOOL 0 1
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 REMOVEFROMPOOL 0 1 0 2
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 RWBALANCE 4 1
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 FLUSHANDFETCHRATE 200
ARCCONF SETMAXCACHE 1 CLEAR
```

2.38 arcconf setname

Description
Renames a logical drive.

Syntax

```
ARCCONF SETNAME <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> <New Name>
```

Parameters

- **Controller#**
  - Controller number
- **LogicalDrive#**
  - The number of the logical drive to be renamed
- **New Name**
  - The new name of the logical drive

Examples

```
ARCCONF SETNAME 1 LOGICALDRIVE 1 BACKUP_A
```
2.39 arcconf setperform

Description
Changes controller settings based on the application type.

Syntax
ARCCONF SETPERFORM <Controller#> MNPDELAY <Delay> [no logs]
ARCCONF SETPERFORM <Controller#> DPO <Enable | Disable> [no logs]

Parameters

Controller#
The controller number
MNPDELAY <Delay>
Sets the monitor and performance delay for the controller, in seconds. Default is 60 minutes (3600 seconds).
DPO
Enables or disables the degraded performance setting for the controller. Default is disabled.

Examples
ARCCONF SETPERFORM 1 MNPDELAY 1800
ARCCONF SETPERFORM 1 DPO enable

2.40 arcconf setpower

Description
Modifies the power management settings.

Syntax
ARCCONF SETPOWER <Controller#> POWERMODE <mode> SURVIVALMODE <mode>

Parameters

Controller#
The controller number.
POWERMODE
Specifies the power mode for the controller.
  
  1: Minimum power-Set static settings to lowest possible values and reduce power dynamically based on workload.
  
  2: Balanced power-Set static settings based on configuration and reduce power dynamically based on workload.
  
  3: Maximum performance-Set static settings to highest possible values and do not reduce power dynamically.

SURVIVALMODE
Survival mode allows the controller to throttle back dynamic power settings to their minimum when temperatures exceed the warning threshold.

This allows the server to continue running in more situations, but performance may decrease.

- Enable-Survival mode enabled.
- Disable-Survival mode disabled.

**Examples**

```
SETPOWER 1 POWERMODE 2
SETPOWER 1 SURVIVALMODE 1
```

### 2.41 arcconf setpriority

**Description**

Changes a task's execution priority or a controller's global background task priority.

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF SETPRIORITY <Controller#> <REBUILD|EXPAND> <New Priority>
```

**Parameters**

- **Controller#**
  - The controller number
- **New Priority**
  - LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH. For REBUILD only: MEDIUMHIGH (if rapid rebuild priority is supported on the controller).
- **REBUILD**
  - Sets the controller's rebuild priority.
- **EXPAND**
  - Sets the controller's capacity expansion (OCE) priority.

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF SETPRIORITY 1 EXPAND LOW
SETPRIORITY 1 REBUILD MEDIUM
```

### 2.42 arcconf setstate

**Description**

Changes the state of a physical device or logical device from its current state to the designated state.

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF SETSTATE <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel#> <Device#> <State> [ARRAY <AR#>] [noprompt] [nologs]
ARCCONF SETSTATE <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LD#> OPTIMAL [ADVANCED <option>] [noprompt]
```
**Parameters**

**Controller#**
The controller number

**Channel#**
The channel number for the drive.

**Device#**
Device number for the device.

**LD#**
Logical drive number.

**AR#**
Array number.

**State**
- **HSP**—Create a hot spare from a ready drive. Dedicates the HSP to one or more.
- **RDY**—Remove a hot spare designation. Attempts to change a drive from Failed to Ready.
- **DDD**—Force a drive offline (to Failed).
- **EED**—Enable the erased drive.

**ADVANCED <option>**
Optional keyword/option pair. Set option to Nocheck to force a logical drive to the Optimal state without performing a consistency check.

**Caution:** Using Advanced options may result in data loss!

**Noprompt:**
No prompt for confirmation.

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF SETSTATE 1 DEVICE 0 0 RDY LOGICALDRIVE 2
ARCCONF SETSTATE 1 LOGICALDRIVE 1 OPTIMAL ADVANCED nocheck
ARCCONF SETSTATE 1 DEVICE 0 0 DDD
ARCCONF SETSTATE 1 DEVICE 0 0 RDY
ARCCONF SETSTATE 1 DEVICE 0 0 HSP ARRAY 0
```

**2.43 arccconf setstatsdatacollection**

**Description**
Enables or disables statistics collection for a controller. To display the statistics, see `arccconf getlogs` on page 19.

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF SETSTATSDATACOLLECTION <Controller#> Enable|Disable
```

**Parameters**

**Controller#**
The controller number

**Enable**
Turns statistics collection on.

**Disable**
Turns statistics collection off.
Examples

ARCCONF SETSTATSDATACOLLECTION 1 ENABLE

2.44  arcconf slotconfig

Description

Lists the channel ID and device ID of the devices in each slot of an enclosure A slot with no devices marked as EMPTY.

Syntax

Usage: SLOTCONFIG <Controller#> <EnclosureID#> <Slot#>
Usage: SLOTCONFIG <Controller#> <EnclosureID#> MAP

Parameters

Controller#
   The controller for which slot configuration is required.

EnclosureID#
   The enclosure where slot configuration is required.

Slot#
   The slot number of the drive where information is required.

MAP
   Display the slot configuration of an enclosure.

2.45  arcconf smp

Description

Sends a SAS Management Protocol (SMP) function request to a SMP target device.

Syntax:

ARCCONF SMP <Controller#> Enclosure <Connector# Channel# Device#> Expander
<Expander#> <CommandType1> [ASCII]
ARCCONF SMP <Controller#> Enclosure <Connector# Channel# Device#> Expander
<Expander#> <CommandType2 PHY#> [ASCII]

Parameters

Controller#
   Controller number.

Connector# Channel# ID#
   Connector ID, Channel ID and Device ID of the enclosure that contains the expander.

Expander#
   Expander number on the controller (SMP target device).

PHY#
   The PHY Identifier (valid only for for Discover and PHY Error Log Request).
**CommandType#**

CommandType1:
- RGR - Report General Request
- RMR - Report Manufacturer Request

CommandType2:
- DR - Discover Request
- RPELR - Report PHY Error Log Request

**ASCII**
Displays the SMP response in ASCII format along with Hex formatted output.

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF SMP 1 Enclosure 1 2 0 Expander 0 RGR
ARCCONF SMP 1 Enclosure 1 2 0 Expander 1 DR 0
```

**2.46 arccconf splitmirror**

**Description**
Splits an array consisting of one or more RAID 1, RAID 10, RAID 1(ADM) or RAID10(ADM) logical devices into two new arrays with identical contents.

**Syntax**

```
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> SPLITWITHBACKUP
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> REMIRROR
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> ROLLBACK
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> ACTIVATEBACKUP
```

**Parameters**

- **Controller#**
  Controller number

- **Array#**
  Array number

- **SPLITWITHBACKUP**
  Splits the array into two new arrays: a primary array and a backup array, with the following characteristics:
  - If the original array contained RAID 1 or RAID 10 drives, the primary array will contain RAID 0 drives.
  - If the original array contained RAID 1(ADM) drives, the primary array will contain RAID 1 drives.
  - If the original array contained RAID 10 (ADM) drives, the primary array will contain RAID 1+0 drives.

  The backup array always contains RAID 0 logical drives. The primary array continues to be fully accessible to the operating system while the backup array is hidden from the operating system.

- **REMIRROR**
  Remirrors the array by preserving the existing data and discarding the backup array. This option re-creates the original mirrored array with the contents of the primary array.

- **ROLLBACK**
  Remirrors the array by rolling back to the contents of the backup array and discarding existing data. This option re-creates the mirrored array but restores its contents to the point in time when the backup array was created.
Caution: We do not recommend using this option while the array is online, or while the logical drive to be rolled back is mounted or in use by the operating system.

ACTIVATEBACKUP
Activates the backup array and makes it fully accessible to the operating system.

Examples

ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR 1 ARRAY 0 SPLITWITHBACKUP
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR 1 ARRAY 0 REMIRROR
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR 1 ARRAY 0 ROLLBACK
ARCCONF SPLITMIRROR 1 ARRAY 0 ACTIVATEBACKUP

2.47 arcconf task

Description
Performs a task on a physical drive. Uninitializes physical drives on a controller. Erases an encrypted logical drive or array, encodes (encrypts) a plaintext logical drive, and creates a new key for an encrypted logical device.

Syntax:

ARCCONF TASK
 TASK START <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel# ID#> <options> [unrestricted] [nomprompt] [nologs]
 TASK START <Controller#> DEVICE ALL UNINITIALIZE
 TASK STOP  <Controller#> DEVICE <Channel#> <ID#>

Syntax: maxCrypto Usage

ARCCONF TASK
 TASK START <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> CRYPTOERASE USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>
 TASK START <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> CRYPTOERASE USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>
 TASK START <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> ENCODE DATA <Preserve | Discard> USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>
 TASK START <Controller#> LOGICALDRIVE <LogicalDrive#> REKEY USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>
 TASK START <Controller#> ARRAY <Array#> REKEY USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>

Parameters

Controller#
The controller number
Channel# ID#
Channel number and device ID for the device

Options:

- Physical device options:
  - secureerase [password] [PATTERN <pattern>]—removes all data from the drive in a secure fashion to prevent any possible recovery of the erased data. Erase patterns:
    - 1: Zero - Initializes all blocks to zero.
    - 2: Random Zero - Initializes block to random value then zero.
    - 3: Random Random Zero - Initializes block to random value, next block to random value, then zero.
    - 4: Reserved.
    - 5: Block Erase Sanitize Method - SSDs only. Erase voltage is applied to all NAND cells.
6: Overwrite Sanitize Method - HDDs only. Initializes blocks using complex multi-byte data pattern.

- Unrestricted—With the Sanitize Erase option, the physical device is available for configuration if sanitize erase fails or could not complete. If not provided, value defaults to 'Restricted'. With the default option, if Sanitize Erase fails, the only operation allowed is to start another sanitize.
- UNINITIALIZE—When specified with ALL, clears Microsemi meta-data and any OS partitions from all drives on the controller; existing data on the drive is destroyed.

**Cryptoerase**
Erases an encrypted logical drive or array. (After erasing, the logical device remains encrypted.)

**Encode Data <Preserve | Discard>**
Encrypts a logical drive or array, with option of preserving or discarding the original data.

**Rekey**
Generates a new key for encrypted devices.

**USERROLE <userrole> PASSWORD <password>**
maxCrypto user-role and password. Valid values are:
- crypto (maxCrypto administrator)
- user (standard user)

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF TASK START 1 DEVICE 0 0 SECUREERASE PATTERN 1
ARCCONF TASK STOP 1 DEVICE 0 0
ARCCONF TASK START 1 DEVICE ALL UNINITIALIZE
ARCCONF TASK START 1 LOGICALDRIVE 0 CRYPTOERASE USERROLE crypto password Abc@1234
ARCCONF TASK START 1 LOGICALDRIVE 0 ENCODE DATA preserve USERROLE crypto password Abc@1234
ARCCONF TASK START 1 ARRAY 0 REKEY USERROLE crypto password Abc@1234
```

---

### 2.48 arcconf uninit

**Description**
Uninitializes one or more physical drives. The uninitialize command clears Microsemi meta-data and any OS partitions from a drive; existing data on the drive is destroyed.

**Note:** Uninitialized drives are compatible with any HBA and can be exchanged with drives on the motherboard's SATA interface.

**Syntax:**

```
ARCCONF UNINIT <Controller#> <Channel# Drive#> [Channel# Drive#] ... [nologs]
ARCCONF UNINIT <Controller#> ALL [nologs]
```

**Parameters**

- **Controller#**
  
  Controller number.

- **Channel#**
  
  The channel number of the device to be uninitialize.

- **Drive#**
  
  The drive number of the device to be uninitialize.

- **ALL**
Uninitializes all physical devices on the controller.

`nologs` Suppresses log output for the command.

**Examples**

```
ARCCONF UNINIT 1 0 12 0 13
ARCCONF UNINIT 1 ALL
```
A Running ARCCONF in the UEFI Shell

This appendix describes how to run ARCCONF in the UEFI shell. UEFI/ARCCONF supports a subset of commands available on the command line. Most commands have the same form and syntax as their command line counterparts, with the exceptions noted below in UEFI/ARCCONF Commands on page 52. Additionally, some commands are supported in UEFI/ARCCONF only.

Prerequisites

To run UEFI/ACCONF, ensure that your system meets these requirements:

- System is running UEFI Shell v2.2 or higher
- MSCC UEFI driver is installed:
  1. Boot the machine to the UEFI shell prompt.
  2. Type: drivers
  3. Verify that ‘MSCC UEFI Driver (version)’ is listed.

Starting UEFI/ARCCONF

To start UEFI/ARCCONF:

1. Boot the machine to the UEFI shell prompt.
2. At the prompt, enter a command in the form:
   
   arcconf <command_name> <parameters> ...

3. To see a list of supported commands, type ARCCONF at the prompt; to include pagebreaks, type ARCCONF -b. For help with a specific command, type ARCCONF <command_name> help.

UEFI/ARCCONF Commands

The table below lists the commands supported in UEFI/ARCCONF. Follow the link in the Usage column for command forms and syntax. Where syntax differs from the command line, a separate usage statement is listed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CONSISTENCYCHECK</td>
<td>Toggles background consistency check modes of the controller.</td>
<td>see arcconf consistencycheck on page 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: CONSISTENCYCHECK &lt;Controller#&gt; &lt;on [Delay]</td>
<td>off&gt; [noprompt]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: CONSISTENCYCHECK &lt;Controller#&gt; PARALLELCOUNT &lt;Count&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: CONSISTENCYCHECK &lt;Controller#&gt; INCONSISTENCYREPAIRPOLICY &lt;Enable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Disable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CREATE</td>
<td>Creates a new logical drive; optionally, enables logical drive read caching, write caching.</td>
<td>see arcconf create on page 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DELETE</td>
<td>Deletes a logical drive.</td>
<td>see arcconf delete on page 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXPANDERLIST</td>
<td>Returns list of disk drive expanders on a controller.</td>
<td>see arcconf expanderlist on page 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Usage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXPANDERUPGRADE</td>
<td>Allows new firmware to be flashed to an enclosure or expander.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf expanderupgrade</code> on page 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GETCONFIG</td>
<td>Lists information about controllers and physical drives.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf getconfig</code> on page 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GETLOGS</td>
<td>Provides access to controller status, event logs, and usage statistics.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: GETLOGS &lt;Controller#&gt; &lt;Type 1&gt;</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf getlogs</code> on page 19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: GETLOGS &lt;Controller&gt; &lt;Type 2&gt; LOGICALDRIVE &lt;LD#&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GETVERSION</td>
<td>Lists version information for all controllers or a specific controller’s software components.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf getversion</code> on page 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDENTIFY</td>
<td>Identifies a physical device by blinking its LEDs.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf identify</code> on page 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMAGEUPDATE</td>
<td>Allows new firmware to be flashed to the hard drive.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf imageupdate</code> on page 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIST</td>
<td>Lists controllers in the system.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf list</code> on page 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSTHROUGH</td>
<td>Sends SCSI passthrough protocol (SCSI) function request to a disk drive.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf passthrough</code> on page 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Note: This command is supported in UEFI/ARCCONF only.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESCAN</td>
<td>Check for removal of disk drives and for connection of new disk drives to the controller.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf rescans</code> on page 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROMUPDATE</td>
<td>Allows new firmware and BIOS to be flashed to the controller.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf romupdate</code> on page 34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: ROMUPDATE &lt;Controller#&gt; &lt;ImagePath&gt; [noprompt] [nologs]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAVESUPPORTARCHIVE</td>
<td>Saves configuration and status information.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf savesupportarchive</code> on page 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETARRAYPARAM</td>
<td>Changes a parameter of an array.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf setarrayparam</code> on page 36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETBOOT</td>
<td>Sets controller as a boot device for the system.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf setboot</code> on page 37</td>
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<tr>
<td>SETCONFIG</td>
<td>Resets the controller configuration.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf setconfig</code> on page 39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Usage: SETCONFIG &lt;Controller#&gt; &lt;DEFAULT&gt; [noprompt] [nologs]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETCONNECTORMODE</td>
<td>Change the connector operating mode.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf setconnectormode</code> on page 39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SETSTATE</td>
<td>Changes the state of a physical device or logical device.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf setstate</code> on page 45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLOTCONFIG</td>
<td>Lists the channel ID and device ID of the devices in each enclosure slot. A slot with no device is marked as EMPTY.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf slotconfig</code> on page 47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Note: This command is supported in UEFI/ARCCONF only.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMP</td>
<td>Sends a SAS Management Protocol (SMP) function request to a SMP target device.</td>
<td>see <code>arccconf smp</code> on page 47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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