HBA 1200 Software/Firmware Release Notes



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1. About This Release

The release described in this document includes firmware, OS drivers, tools, and host management software for the HBA 1200 solutions from Microchip.

1.1 Release Identification

The firmware, software, and driver versions for this release are shown in the following table.

Table 1-1. Release Summary

Table 1-1. Release Summary	
Solutions release	3.4.0
Package release date	July 17, 2024
Firmware version	03.01.30.106
UEFI/Legacy BIOS	2.14.4/2.14.2
Driver versions	Windows Drivers: • Windows 2022, 2019, Windows 11, 10: 1010.108.0.1015 Linux SmartPQI:
	 Rocky Linux 9: 2.1.30-031 RHEL 7/8/9: 2.1.30-031 SLES 12/15: 2.1.30-031
	 Ubuntu 20/22: 2.1.30-031 Oracle Linux 7/8/9: 2.1.30-031 Citrix Xenserver 8: 2.1.30-031 Debian 10/11/12: 2.1.30-031
	VMware: • VMware ESX 7.0/8.0: 4672.0.104 FreeBSD: • FreeBSD 14/13: 4540.0.1005
ARCCONF/maxView	4.18.00.26842
PLDM	6.40.6.0

1.2 Files Included in this Release

This section details the files included in this release.

Table 1-2. Firmware Files

Component		Assembly	Post- Assembly Use
SmartFWx200.bin	Production-signed programmable NOR Flash File. Use to program NOR Flash for boards that are already running firmware.		X

Table 1-3. Firmware Programming Tools

Tool	Description	Executable
ARCCONF	ARCCONF CLI Utility	ARCCONF BXXXXX.zip
maxView	maxView Utility	MAXVIEW XXX BXXXXX.zip

Driver Files



Table 1-4. Windows Drivers

os	Version
Server 2022, 2019, Windows 11, 10	x64

Table 1-5. Linux Drivers

os	Version
RHEL 9.4, 9.3, 8.10, 8.9, 8.8, 7.9	x64
SLES 12 SP5	x64
SLES 15 SP6 ¹ , SP5, SP4	x64
Ubuntu 20.04.6, 20.04.5, 20.04	x64
Ubuntu 24.04, 22.04.4, 22.04.3, 22.04	x64
Oracle Linux 7.9 UEK6U3	x64
Oracle Linux 9.4, 9.3, 8.9, 8.8, UEK7U2	x64
Debian 12.5, 11.9	x64
Fedora 39 (inbox)	x64
Citrix XenServer 8.2.1	x64
Rocky Linux 9.4, 9.3	x64
SLE-Micro 6.0, 6.5 (inbox only)	x64

Note:

1. New OS is minimally tested with inbox driver. Full support is expected in the next release.

Table 1-6. FreeBSD and VMware Drivers

OS	Version
VMware 8.0 U3 (inbox only) ¹	x64
ESX 8.0 U2/U1, 7.0 U3/U2	x64
FreeBSD 14.0, 13.3	x64

Note:

1. New OS is minimally tested with inbox driver. Full support is expected in the next release.

Note: Though provided driver bundle includes drivers for several other OSes, only versions mentioned above have been QA tested and are officially supported in this release.

Host Management Software

Table 1-7. maxViewTM and ARCCONF Utilities

Description	os	Executable
ARCCONF Command Line Utility	Windows x64 Linux x64 VMware 7.0 and above XenServer UEFI support	See the arcconf_B####.zip for the installation executables for the relevant OS.
maxView [™] Storage Manager	Windows x64 Linux x64 VMware 7.0 and above XenServer	See the maxview_linux_B####.zip, maxview_win_ B#####.zip,and the maxview_vmware_B####.zip for the installation executables.
maxView TM vSphere Plugin	VMware 7.0 and above	See the maxview_vmware_B####.zip for the installation executables.
Boot USB (offline or pre-boot) for ARCCONF and maxView Storage Manager	Linux x64	See the maxview_offline_bootusb_B####.zip for the .iso file.



2. What's New?

This section shows what's new in this release.

2.1 Fixes and Enhancements

This section shows the fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.1 Firmware Fixes

This section shows the firmware fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.1.1 Fixes and Enhancements for Firmware Release 03.01.30.106

This release includes the following fixes and enhancements:

- Added RDE Drive Form Factor support for SAS/SATA.
- Added support for saving Managed SED master key and reset key in cipher text in controller NVRAM instead of clear text.
- Changed temperature polling period from 1 minute to 5 minutes for HBA mode drives that are in low power state.
- Added support for additional IO stats in controller serial logs when a LUN reset occurred.
- Removed SAS PHY downshift from 24G to 12G when expander attached SATA devices are present.
- Fixed an issue where foreign drives do not get imported when Managed SED change key is processed during system shutdown.
 - Root cause:
 - i. Admin rights are changed on the drive but datastore of the drive is not updated since the drive has failed the commands during system shutdown. During the subsequent boot, the drive is marked as foreign.
 - ii. Some admin rights are changed and some are not since the drives have failed the commands during system shutdown. During the subsequent boot, the drives are marked as foreign.
 - Fix:
 - i. During import, when unlock fails with the key provided by the user, use existing master key to unlock the drive.
 - ii. During import, when change pin fails as authentication error with the old key provided by the user, attempt to authenticate with the new key provided by the user.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where failed drive was reported as bay 255 in event logs.
 - Root cause: Event was being logged before drive bay was discovered correctly.
 - Fix: Log event after drive bay is read properly.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed possible lockup issue while hot plugging an enclosure from one connector port to another.
 - Root cause: Deadlock scenario occurs where a command is frozen and is being sent to enclosure but another thread is waiting for this command to be sent.
 - *Fix*: Skip sending command to a frozen enclosure (when it is hot removed).
 - Risk: Medium
- Fixed an issue where server is taking more time to boot into OS and unable to perform any controller operation in presence of ATA Locked drive.



- Root cause: Server bootup was taking time when controllers are directly attached to a ATA Locked SATA drive. Controller firmware had an issue in dispatching the next queued command to the drive while processing Error D2H response from the drive and the same sequence is repeated for a long time that caused time out for one of the SCSI ATA passthrough requests. The "Byte 0, bits 4: 0 of NCQ error log_info" issue from the RLE response was not correct (that is, set to 0x80) even for all the NCQ tags 0-31 that received an error D2H response from the drive.
- Fix: Modified firmware to send an errored SCSI response for those SCSI requests which are supposed to be aborted by the drive when it's in a ATA Locked drive. Preserve the failed Receive FPDMA Queued request at "dev_ptr->failed_request" before sending the RLE request to the drive as part of NCQ error handling. So that the SCSI check condition response will be sent for the failed request after the RLE command was getting processed successfully.
- Risk: Low (Only with SATA Locked Drive)
- Fixed an issue where controller lockup with code=0x00001=No module.
 - Root cause: When an Uncorrectable ECC occurred at a particular address with 64-bit address, its firmware handler reads higher address word from wrong location which resulted in fatal assert without proper lockup or recovery path.
 - Fix: Updated firmware to read the correct higher address word when processing the Uncorrectable ECC error to execute recovery or lockup handling rather than asserting when reading the wrong address.
 Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where rediscovery is triggered after BME is enabled even if the channel is already discovered
 - *Root cause*: When BME is enabled for the first time, firmware requests MCTP rediscovery, even if it had already responded to any initial discovery messages.
 - *Fix*: Add option to ignore rediscovery requests for channels where discovery has already happened.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where controller lockup with code=0x3D037=MSGU.
 - Root cause. The controller internal RAM is only partially initialized for PCIE physical function 0 and virtual function 0. A read access to an uninitialized address may cause an ECC error and lead to a firmware lockup.
 - Fix: Initialize memory for the entire scratchpad areas and the ATU configuration table, including the unused physical function1, to initialize ECC for all addresses during MSGU PQI initialization sequence.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the device ready timeout is increased from 10s to 45s after reset.
 - Root cause: Some large-capacity SATA drives (4 TB-8 TB) take upto 30s to recover after a
 reset. Large-capacity SATA drives would be marked as failed in some cases as they had not
 recovered in the 10s allowed by the firmware before drive recovery.
 - *Fix*: Increased link reset time for SATA drives from 10s to 45s. The link reset time for SAS drives remains at 10s.
 - Risk: Medium
- Fixed an issue controller lockup with code=0x01ABD.
 - Root cause: A SATA loss of signal condition causes a target reset. As a result SCSI-ATA-Translation requires that on ATA reset other than due to a TM function, the translation layer must terminate processing of all commands for each unit affected by the reset and establish a unit attention condition. Previously, if connection with a SATA drive was



re-established during LOS recovery processing the firmware would not terminate processing of all commands.

- Fix: Terminate processing of all commands on LOS recovery of SATA device.
- Risk: Medium
- Fixed an issue where EID is not getting set through MCTP over PCIe.
 - Root cause: During boot after UEFI driver load, PQI reset is being issued by host for driver loading. During PQI reset, Bus Master Enable (BME) will be disabled for some time and then re-enabled. During this small interval of time if MCTP Bus owner sends any commands to get the information about MCTP Endpoint which is discovered, the response messages are blocked in firmware as BME is disabled.
 - Fix: Allow MCTP messages irrespective of Bus Master Enable (BME) bit.
 - Risk: Low

2.1.2 UEFI/Legacy BIOS Fixes

This section shows the UEFI/Legacy BIOS fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.2.1 Fixes and Enhancements for UEFI Build 2.14.4/Legacy BIOS Build 2.14.2

This release includes the following fixes and enhancements:

- Added an enhancement to show drive write cache status as unknown when it is not configurable. The HII disk information will show the drive write cache status as unknown when it detects configuring write cache as not supported.
- Fixed an issue where the Managed SED Unlock Controller password in driver health form is not shown when lockout period is reset.
 - Root cause: The unlock option in driver health menu for remote mode Managed SED controller password remains disabled even when the lockout timer is expired or reset.
 - *Fix*: Always show the unlock option if controller is waiting for password input. Error message will be shown after the attempt, if there is a password lockout period.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the driver health form shows the Managed SED controller locked message even after successful unlock.
 - Root cause. Driver health form content is not updated if controller is unlocked successfully.
 - *Fix*: Refresh the driver health form with applicable messages after the controller unlock operation.
 - Risk: Low

2.1.3 Driver Fixes

This section shows the driver fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.1 Linux Driver Fixes

This section shows the Linux driver fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.1.1 Fixes and Enhancements for Linux Driver Build 2.1.30-031

This release includes the following fixes and enhancements.

- Fixed an issue where during the processing of a TMF on a device, the driver is stuck while waiting for I/O to be drained from the driver's internal request queue.
 - Root cause: During heavy I/O load, a data path request on a particular device is added to the
 driver's request list but encounters a conditional check where it needs more elements than
 are currently free in the inbound queue on a particular queue group. This request remains
 in the request list until the request submission function is triggered by the IRQ handler, but
 unfortunately no completions arrive on that queue group for a significantly long period of



time. During the same time, a LUN reset is triggered on another device. While processing the TMF on the other device, attempts are made to fail I/Os queued on the device undergoing reset. However, I/Os queued on other devices are not failed due to the TMF condition check. Because of the stuck command in the request list and the failure to fail I/O on the other devices, the system experiences a LUN reset and system hang.

- Fix: For devices which are not undergoing reset, return DID_REQUEUE and complete the
 requests that are stuck in the driver's internal request queue. This adds the request
 back to the mid-layer queue, ensuring that it is resubmitted after a short period without
 decrementing the retry count in the OS SCSI-mid-layer.
- Risk: Low

2.1.3.2 Windows Driver Fixes

This section shows the Windows driver fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.2.1 Fixes and Enhancements for Windows Driver Build 1010.108.0.1015

There are no known fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.3 FreeBSD Driver Fixes

This section shows the FreeBSD driver fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.3.1 Fixes and Enhancements for FreeBSD Driver Build 4540.0.1005

There are no known fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.4 VMware Driver Fixes

This section shows the VMware driver fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.3.4.1 Fixes and Enhancements for VMware Driver Build 4672.0.104

There are no known fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.4 Management Software Fixes

This section shows the management software fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.4.1 maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF Fixes

This section shows the maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.4.1.1 Fixes and Enhancements for maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF Build 26842

This release includes the following fixes and enhancements for ARCCONF/maxView.

- Added support to display the NAND and NOR Flash type as part of the controller properties in the ARCCONF and the maxView.
- Fixed an issue where the ARCCONF was not displaying the "Task" command help for the HBA controller
 - Root cause: Because of the HBA controller check for the ARCCONF help menu in the task command, "Task" was missing from the ARCCONF help menu for the HBA controller.
 - Fix. Changes added to display "Task" in the arcconf help menu for the HBA controller.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the maxView was displaying a cache error alert for a controller which does not support controller cache.
 - Root cause: maxView didn't check the "FeatCacheSupport" feature bit before enabling show device alert for controllers that don't support controller cache and have logical devices.
 - *Fix*: Added a feature bit check "FeatCacheSupport" before generating the device alert for the controllers that don't support the controller cache and have logical devices.
 - Risk: Low



- Fixed an issue where the maxView was not displaying the system name consistently across the reboot.
 - Root cause. Usually, the Redfish server starts first, followed by the maxView webserver and subscribes to events with the configured hostname. This hostname will be added to maxView events. If the maxView web server starts before the Redfish server, maxView webserver tries to subscribe to events from the Redfish server using the loopback hostname 'localhost'. Here, the server is configured with the hostname 'localhost.localdomain', which will be used for event subscription under normal scenario when the Redfish server starts first, followed by the maxView webserver. If the maxView webserver starts first, it takes the loopback hostname 'localhost'. Due to this, two different hostnames are present in the events.
 - Fix. The code change has been made to always use the configured hostname for event subscription. The configured hostname will be used to subscribe to events if the Redfish server starts first. If the maxView web server starts first, it will attempt to subscribe to events using the configured hostname instead of 'localhost'. If, even after retrying for 20 seconds, it is not able to connect to the Redfish server using the configured hostname, then the maxView web server will attempt to establish a connection with the Redfish server using 'localhost'.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the maxView installer was setting the write permissions for the .txt files in the installation folder.
 - Root cause: maxView installer was setting the write permissions for the .txt files in the installation folder.
 - *Fix*: Removed the write permissions for the .txt files in the installation folder and provided only the read-only permissions for these .txt files.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the maxView was not displaying a warning message when the Redfish server is connected through loopback network address.
 - Root cause: maxView was not displaying a warning message when the Redfish server is connected through loopback network address.
 - *Fix*: Added a warning message tooltip on the IP Address attribute when Redfish server is connected through loopback network address
 - Risk: Low

2.1.4.2 PLDM Fixes

This section shows the PLDM fixes and enhancements for this release.

2.1.4.2.1 Fixes and Enhancements for PLDM Release 6.40.6.0

This release includes the following fixes and enhancements:

- Added PLDM Type 6 support for Redfish Chassis for UBM Backplanes. This feature adds representation of UBM backplanes and their contained drives using Redfish resources and PDRs.
- · Added PLDM Type 6 Redfish Resource:
 - UBM Chassis resource
 - It represents a single physical UBM backplane.
 - PLDM Type 6 RDE READ and HEAD operations are supported.
 - UBM Attached Drive resource
 - Will represented a single physical Drive attached to a UBM.
 - PLDM Type 6 RDE READ, UPDATE, UPDATE and HEAD operations are supported.
 - DriveCollection Resource
 - Will be the lone subordinate of a UBM Chassis resource.



- Will publish properties as per the Redfish DriveCollection schema
- PLDM Type 6 RDE READ and HEAD operations are supported
- Absent Drive resource
 - Will represent a single drive bay of a UBM.
 - PLDM Type 6 RDE READ and HEAD operations are supported.
- PLDM Type 2 Command Changes:
 - GetPDR will now retrieve additional Drive and DriveCollection Redfish PDRs for each attached UBM.
 - Drive and DriveCollection Redfish PDRs will be static and will not generate PDR Change/Add/ Modified alerts.
- Add Descriptor Type 0xFFFF for All Devices in Downstream Device ID Record PLDM
 Type 5 QueryDownstreamIdentifiers command response for downstream drives will now
 publish a Vendor Defined Descriptor which holds the ServiceLabel in the following format:
 Slot=<Slot#>:Port=<Port#>:Box=<Box#>:Bay=<Bay#>
- PLDM Type 6 Add Drive.FirmwareVersion support for RDE READs on Drive resources
 - RDE READ on a Drive resource will now publish FirmwareVersion property. The FirmwareVersion property will have the same value as the Revision property.
- Added PLDM Type 6 READ support for StorageController.Links.PCleFunction. RDE READ on the StorageController resource will now publish the following properties:
 - Links.PCleFunctions@odata.count
 - Links.PCIeFunctions@odata.id

This property gets published as a deferred binding string of %PF0, where 0 is the PCIe Function of the controller.

- Updated permission flags on resources if operation cannot be performed. The PermissionFlags returned for an RDE operation have been brought into accordance with the PLDM Type 6 specification.
 - RDE READ and HEAD operations will return non-zero PermissionFlags in the response.
 - Operations failing with ERROR_NOT_ALLOWED will have a response with non-zero PermissionFlags.
 - All other operations and failures will result in PermissionFlags of 0x00 in the response.
- Added support for Drive.SlotCapableProtocols. This property will contain the drive protocols that
 are supported in the slot being read. It will now be published as part of the RDE READ response
 on all Drive resources, including those representing empty UBM bays. The following values are
 supported:
 - SAS
 - SATA
 - NVMe

The Drive.SlotCapableProtocols property will be published as an array containing some or all of the above values depending on hardware specifications. If no protocols are supported, then an empty array will still be published.

- Added PLDM Type 6 READ Support for Drive.DriveFormFactor. RDE READ on a SAS/SATA Drive resource will now include the property DriveFormFactor in the response. The following values are supported:
 - Drive2 5
 - Drive3 5
 - M2



For NVMe drives and all SAS and SATA drives with a form factor not listed above, the Drive.DriveFormFactor property will not be published.

- Added DriveMetrics support for all controllers, which allows reporting of some basic drive performance statistics information.
- Added PLDM Type 6 Redfish DriveMetrics Resource
 - Each DriveMetrics resource will be mapped to a single Drive resource.
 - PLDM Type 6 RDE READ and HEAD operations are supported.
- Updated RDE READ on Drive resources to add the Metrics property which will hold a link to the Drive's related DriveMetrics resource.
- PLDM Type 2 Command Changes
 - GetPDR will now retrieve additional DriveMetrics Redfish Resource PDRs for each Drive Resource.
 - DriveMetrics Redfish Resource PDRs will generate PDRRepoChange events and the PDRs will be added and deleted as drives are hot-plugged and hot-removed.
 - The GetSchemaURI and GetSchemaDictionary commands can fetch information related to the new DriveMetrics resource schema dictionary.
- Added support for StorageController.AssetTag to allow Redfish clients to assign an asset tag string to a StorageController resource which will persist across boot cycles.
- Added the RDE READ operation support for Drive resources which represent a Revertible (that is, shareable) spare drive.
- Fixed an issue where NegotiateTransferParameters command allows requester part size that is not a power of two.
 - Root cause: While issuing NegotiateTransferParameters command with requester part size
 that is not a power of two, the command returns success instead of ERROR_INVALID_DATA. A
 code mistake caused only the first byte of the requester part size to be checked for power of
 two requirement.
 - Fix. Modified the code so that requester part size will be checked properly.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where there are missing fields in FileDescriptorPDR for crash dump log.
 - Root cause. The FileDescriptorPDR is missing the SuperiorDirectoryFileIdentifier and FileMaximumFileDescriptorCount fields.
 - Fix: Added the SuperiorDirectoryFileIdentifier and FileMaximumFileDescriptorCount fields to the crash dump log's FileDescriptorPDR to be in compliance with the PLDM Type 2 specification.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the CacheSummary.Status.State property in the StorageController resource is published as "Disabled" when the cache is not supported on the controller.
 - Root cause: The case of the controller cache not being supported was not being directly handled when encoding the StorageController resource.
 - Fix: The CacheSummary health and state will be set to OK and absent, respectively, when the controller cache is not supported.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where OperationExecutionFlags is incorrect in the RDEOperationStatus response for a completed operation.
 - Root cause: When an operation status is completed, the OperationExecutionFlags should not have the HaveResultPayload or the HaveCustomResponseParameters bits



- set. A previous change that updated the response handler for the RDEOperationStatus command to properly set the OperationExecutionFlags bits based on the actual current state of the operation exposed that OperationExecutionFlags bits were not properly being reported.
- Fix. Unset the HaveResultPayload and HaveCustomResponseParameters bits in OperationExecutionFlags for completed RDE operations.
- Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where the controller serial log contains repeated prints related to an error with handling a GetSchemaDictionary request.
 - Root cause: The request was being sent to fetch the registry schema class dictionary for various Redfish resources, but this dictionary is not supported. The response completion code is erroneously being set to ERROR_INVALID_DATA instead of ERROR_UNSUPPORTED as directed in the PLDM Type 6 specification.
 - Fix: Modified the GetSchemaDictionary and GetSchemaURI command handler functions to return ERROR_UNSUPPORTED if the registry schema class is passed in the request.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where a GetSensorReading request with the rearmEventState option set for the version state sensor did not move the version state sensor presentState or previousState to normal.
 - Root cause. The rearmEventState option was not being accounted for when a controller flash was detected.
 - Fix: If a controller flash is detected, the rearmEventState option will be considered when processing a GetSensorReading request.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue where on certain controllers, GetSensorReading on a NumericSensor of EntityType DEVICE_FILE returns an error completion code of INVALID_SENSOR_ID.
 - Root cause: The logic that validates the requested SensorId from the GetSensorReading request was incorrectly returning that the SensorId is not valid on controllers that do not support individual drive temperature numeric sensors.
 - Fix: Corrected the logic to validate the requested SensorId regardless of whether or not the controllers support individual drive numeric sensors.
 - Risk: Low
- Fixed an issue when RDE UPDATE on a SED HBA volume resource to take ownership of the SED or to revert a SED fails.
 - Root cause. Controller firmware requires more than 6 seconds to take ownership or revert a SED. The time needed by controller firmware is more than PLDM's allowed response time and hence the RDE UPDATE operation fails.
 - Fix: The following changes have been made:
 - RDE UPDATE on a SED HBA volume resource will now be performed by a long running task.
 - If the MC has not negotiated TASK support by using RDENegotiateRedfishParameters command, RDE UPDATE on a SED HBA volume will return a completion code of ERROR_NOT_ALLOWED.
 - Risk: Medium
- Fixed an issue where the StorageController.Status.State property would not be 'Updating' when controller firmware had been flashed and was pending activation.



- Root cause: When encoding the StorageController.Status.State property, no check was made for the presence of controller firmware pending activation.
- Fix: The presence of controller firmware pending activation is now considered when encoding StorageController.Status.State. The StorageController.Status.State property will be 'Updating' if pending controller firmware is present.
- Risk: Low

2.2 Limitations

This section shows the limitations for this release.

2.2.1 General Limitations

This release includes the following general limitations.

- The following are the limitations of Multi-Actuator:
 - Supports only:
 - HBA drive
 - Windows/Linux/VMware
 - Intel/AMD
 - UEFI mode (for multi-LUN display)

2.2.2 Firmware Limitations

This section shows the firmware limitations for this release.

2.2.2.1 Limitations for Firmware Release 03.01.30.106

This release includes the following limitations:

- Persistent Event Logs (PEL) will be cleared under the following conditions:
 - Upgrading from firmware releases prior to 03.01.17.56 to 03.01.17.56 or later firmware releases.
 - Downgrading from firmware releases 03.01.17.56 or later to firmware releases prior to 03.01.17.56.
- Firmware downgrade from firmware version 3.01.30.106 to any older firmware version is blocked if Managed SED is enabled.
 - Workaround: Disable Managed SED and try firmware downgrade.
- Managed SED cannot be enabled on the controller when reboot is pending after firmware downgrade from firmware version 3.01.23.72 to any older firmware version.
 - Workaround: Reboot the controller and enable the Managed SED.

2.2.3 UEFI/Legacy BIOS Limitations

This section shows the UEFI/Legacy BIOS limitations for this release.

2.2.3.1 Limitations for UEFI Build 2.14.4/Legacy BIOS Build 2.14.2

There are no known limitations for this release.

2.2.4 Driver Limitations

This section shows the driver limitations for this release.

2.2.4.1 Linux Driver Limitations

This section shows the Linux driver limitations for this release.

2.2.4.1.1 Limitations for Linux Driver Build 2.1.30-031

This release includes the following limitations:



- SL-Micro 6.0 fails to boot after installation on 4Kn drives.
 - Workaround: This is a SUSE issue and only workaround is to use non-4Kn drives.
- On some distributions (RHEL7.9, RHEL8.2, RHEL8.3, SLES15SP2, SLES15SP3, OpenEuler 20.03LTS, and 22.03LTS including SP releases), the driver injection (DUD) install will hang if an attached drive (either HBA mode or Logical Volume) has Write Cache enabled.
 - Workaround: There are two workarounds for this issue:
 - Ensure that the Write Cache is disabled for any attached drive.
 - For RHEL7.9/8.2/8.3 and OpenEuler 20.03LTS, 22.03LTS, add rd.driver.blacklist=smartpqi to the grub entry along with inst.dd.
- RHEL driver injection (DUD) install where OS ISO is mounted as virtual media on BMC based servers (non-ILO). Installer will hang after driver injection. It is reported on RHEL 8.5, 8.6, 9.0, and 9.1.
 - Workaround:
 - Load the OS from USB device instead of virtual media.
 - Load the OS from virtual media but initiate ISO verification (media test) during the installation followed by ESC to cancel the media test.
 - Edit grub to include the boot argument "nompath". Replace "inst.dd" with "nompath inst.dd" for DUD install.
- Oracle 9 UEK 7 kernel causes SmartPQI rpm dependency failures. This is an issue with how the kernel package was created by Oracle. Correct UEK7 kernel for Oracle 9, which is expected in the mid-October UEK7 release, version number is still pending.

Note: This does not affect Oracle 8 UEK 7.

- Workaround: Install the rpm using "--nodeps" when dependency failures occur.
 - Update:

For SmartPQI driver versions > 2.1.20-020 and UEK7 kernels >= 5.15.0-3.60.2.el9uek.x86_64, the SmartPQI rpm will install normally.

For UEK7 kernels < 5.15.0-3.60.2.el9uek.x86_64, the SmartPQI rpm needs to be installed using the "--nodeps".

- On AMD systems, the system might crash or hang due to a bug in the IOMMU module. For details, see lore.kernel.org/linux-iommu/20191018093830.GA26328@suse.de/t/.
 - Workaround: Disable the IOMMU setting option in BIOS.
- On some distributions (including RHEL 9.0/Oracle Linux 9.0), you are unable to inject the OOB driver (DUD) during install when a multi-actuator drive is attached.
 - Workaround: Install using the inbox driver, complete OS installation, then install the OOB driver.

2.2.4.2 Windows Driver Limitations

This section shows the Windows driver limitations for this release.

2.2.4.2.1 Limitations for Windows Driver Build 1010.106.0.1028

This release includes the following limitations:

- In certain circumstances, the installation may fail on Windows Server 2016 and Windows 2012 R2 after selecting drives.
 - *Workaround*: Follow these steps to ensure drives are clean and all partitions are removed before beginning a new installation:
 - a. Hit Shift + F10 to open the command prompt
 - b. Type Diskpart
 - c. Type List Disk



- d. Select the disk you want to clean. For example, to select Disk 0 type select disk 0.
- e. Type Clean
- A system crash may occur when hibernating a system installed on a Dual Actuator drive.
 - Workaround:
 - Avoid hibernating the system while running heavy I/Os to multiple Dual Actuator drives.
 - Stop running the I/Os to the drives and then hibernate the system.
 - Reboot the server to recover the system.

2.2.4.3 FreeBSD Driver Limitations

This section shows FreeBSD driver limitations for this release.

2.2.4.3.1 Limitations for FreeBSD Driver Build 4540.0.1005

This release contains the following limitations:

- FreeBSD 13.2 and later OS installations will fail with the out of box driver.
 - Workaround: Install with inbox driver then update to latest.

2.2.4.4 VMware Driver Limitations

This section shows VMware driver limitations for this release.

2.2.4.4.1 Limitations for VMware Driver Build 4672.0.104

This release includes the following limitation:

A controller lockup may occur when using VMDirectPath on a single-processor AMD system.
These lockups have been seen with VMs running Linux and Windows. No known workaround
at the present time. If a lockup of a passed-through controller occurs, a reboot of the ESXi
server may be required to clear the lockup condition and restore the virtual machine to working
condition.

2.2.5 Management Software Limitations

This section shows management software limitations for this release.

2.2.5.1 maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF Limitations

This section shows the maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF limitations for this release.

2.2.5.1.1 Limitations for maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF Build 26842

There are no known limitations for this release.

2.2.5.2 PLDM Limitations

This section shows the PLDM limitations for this release.

2.2.5.2.1 Limitations for PLDM Release 6.40.6.0

There are no known limitations for this release.



3. Updating the Controller Firmware

This section describes how to update the controller firmware to the latest release.



Important: When downgrading firmware, there may be cases when newer hardware is not supported by an older version of firmware. In these cases, attempting to downgrade firmware will be prevented (fail). It is recommended to regularly qualify newer firmware versions, to ensure that newer hardware is supported in your system(s)

3.1 Updating Controllers to Latest Firmware

If running firmware is 3.01.00.006 or lower, please contact Adaptec Apps team at ask.adaptec.com.

3.1.1 Upgrading to 3.0X.XX.XXX Firmware

- 1. For controllers running 3.01.02.042 or higher firmware, flash with 3.0X.XX.XXX version of firmware "SmartFWx200.bin" provided in this package using maxview or ARCCONF utility.
- 2. Power cycle the server.



4. Revision History

Table 4-1. Revision History

Table 4-1. Nevision History		
Revision	Date	Description
Q	07/2024	Updated for SR 3.4.0 release.
P	02/2024	Updated for SR 3.3.4 release.
N	11/2023	SR 3.3.0 patch release with maxView [™] version B26068.
M	11/2023	SR 3.2.0 patch release with maxView [™] version B25339.
L	11/2023	Updated for SR 3.3.2 release.
K	08/2023	Updated for SR 3.3.0 release.
J	03/2023	Updated for SR 3.2.4 release.
Н	11/2022	Updated for SR 3.2.2 release.
G	07/2022	Updated for SR 3.2.0 release.
F	02/2022	VMware driver version changed from 4250.0.120 to 4252.0.103.
E	02/2022	Updated for SR 3.1.8 release.
D	12/2021	Updated for SR 3.1.6.1 release. Updated Fixes and Enhancements for maxView Storage Manager/ARCCONF section for log4j vulnerabilities.
С	11/2021	Updated for SR 3.1.6 release.
В	08/2021	Updated for SR 3.1.4 release.
Α	06/2021	Document created.



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